RASTF Key Work Activities Overview

RASTF September 22, 2022 IMM



Capacity market basics

• The capacity market is a competitive mechanism that exists to make the energy market work.

2

• What are the essential, realistic, implementable elements of a capacity market design?

Groups of KWAs

- Group 1 (Demand)
 - A. Reliability Risks and Drivers (Key Work Activity 2)
 - B. Procurement Level and Metric (Key Work Activity 3)
- Group 2 (Supply)
 - C. Performance Assessment (Key Work Activity 4)
 - D. Qualification and Accreditation (Key Work Activity 5)
 - E. Obligations of Capacity Resources (Key Work Activity 6)



Reliability KWA 2

- Reliability target metrics
 - LOLE: loss of load expectation
 - EUE: unserved energy
- Expected performance of resources
 - EFORd: forced outage rate
 - EAF: equivalent availability factor (1 all outage rates)
- Realistic/implementable
 - Correlations
 - Resource classes/fuel sources
 - Hourly
 - Historical data





Procurement KWA 3

5

- Meet reliability standards
 - Hourly
- Account for actual characteristics of resources
 - Hourly availability
 - Locational/nodal availability

Performance Assessment KWA 4

6

- Performance obligation is continuous
- Must perform when committed/dispatched
- PAI not relevant

Accreditation KWA 5

- Physical assets
- Homogeneous product
- ELCC (effective load carrying capability)
 - Intermittent
 - Storage
 - Thermal
- CIRs (capacity interconnection rights)
- Firm fuel
- Testing





Obligations KWA 6

- All capacity resources have the same obligations
- The obligations of capacity resources:
 - Deliverable energy at ICAP
 - Must offer in capacity market
 - Must offer in energy market (ICAP)
 - Outages must be reported
 - Energy from capacity resources is recallable in an emergency





Monitoring Analytics, LLC 2621 Van Buren Avenue Suite 160 Eagleville, PA 19403 (610) 271-8050

MA@monitoringanalytics.com www.MonitoringAnalytics.com

