

Overview of Order No. 2222

Thomas DeVita

Sr. Counsel, Office of the General Counsel

DIRS

October 2, 2020

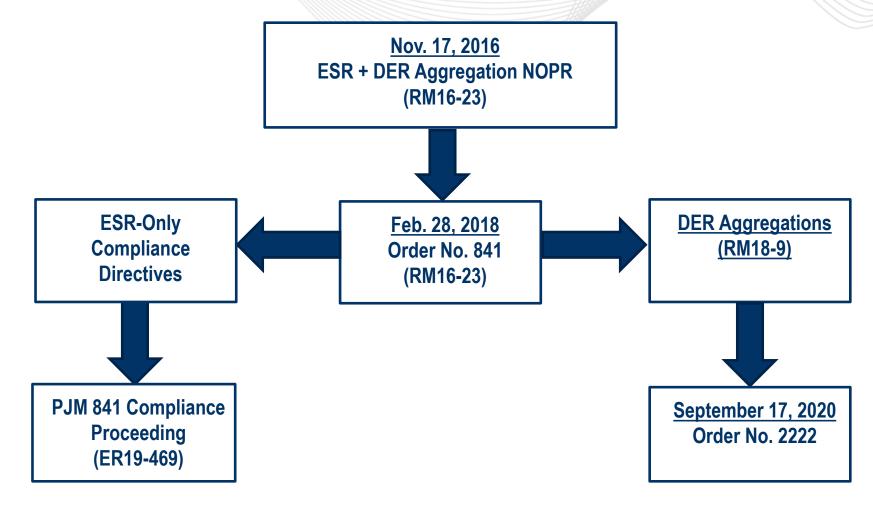
www.pjm.com | Public PJM©2020

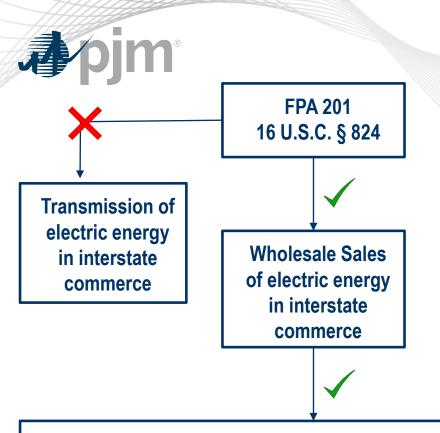


	330	
Action Required	Deadline	Who May Be Affected
Provide feedback on FERC compliance directives, if any, to PJM Staff.	Ongoing	All PJM Stakeholders
PJM anticipates working with stakeholders primarily in the DER and Inverter-based Resources Subcommittee (DIRS) to develop the compliance filing, with informational updates to other stakeholder bodies during the process.		
	10	



Procedural Recap





Grounds for Jurisdiction

Rates/charges of wholesale sales + rules/practices "affecting" wholesale sales

Net injections of energy to the grid by DER aggregators for purposes of participating in RTO markets = jurisdiction

Order No. 841 affirmed this conclusion.

RTO rules governing sales of DR by DER aggregators = jurisdiction

• FERC v. Electric Power Supply Ass'n, 136 S. Ct. 760 (2016) found that FERC's regulation of DR participation in RTO markets met the "affecting" standard in FPA 205 and 206 "with room to spare."



- The order defines a "distributed energy resource" or "DER" as "any resource located on the distribution system, any subsystem thereof or behind a customer meter." (114)
 - FERC specifies that "[t]hese resources may include, but are not limited to, electric storage resources, distributed generation, demand response, energy efficiency, thermal storage, and electric vehicles and their supply equipment." (114)
- The order defines a "DER aggregator" as "the entity that aggregates one or more DERs for purposes of participation in the capacity, energy and/or ancillary service markets of the RTOs/ISOs." (118)
 - DER aggregator that makes net sales of energy into RTO market = "public utility"
 - DER aggregator with only DR or net metering customers that are not net sellers ≠ "public utility"
 - Individual DER participating in a DER aggregation ≠ "public utility" (42-43)



Key Compliance Directives

- 1. allow DER aggregations to participate directly in RTO/ISO markets, and establish DER aggregators as a type of market participant (130);
- 2. allow DER aggregators to register DER aggregations under one or more participation models that accommodate the physical and operational characteristics of the DER aggregations (130);
- 3. establish a minimum size requirement for DER aggregations that does not exceed 100 kW (171);
- 4. establish locational requirements for DER aggregations that are as geographically broad as technically feasible (204);
- 5. address distribution factors and bidding parameters for DER aggregations (225);

www.pjm.com | Public PJM©202

Key Compliance Directives

- 6. address information and data requirements for DER aggregations (236);
- 7. address metering and telemetry hardware and software requirements for DER aggregations (262);
- 8. address coordination between the RTO/ISO, the DER aggregator, the distribution utility, and the relevant electric retail regulatory authorities ("RERRA") (278);
- 9. address modifications to the list of resources in a DER aggregation (335); and
- 10. address market participation agreements for DER aggregators via adoption of a standard market participation agreement for DER aggregations (352).



Provisions Applicable to "Small Utilities"

- Each RTO/ISO <u>must</u> accept bids from a DER aggregator if its aggregation includes DERs that are customers of utilities that distributed <u>more than 4</u> <u>million megawatt-hours</u> in the previous fiscal year. (65)
- An RTO/ISO <u>must not</u> accept bids from a DER aggregator if its aggregation includes DERs that are customers of utilities that distributed <u>4 million</u> <u>megawatt-hours or less</u> in the previous fiscal year, unless the RERRA permits such customers to be bid into RTO/ISO markets by a DER aggregator. (65)

www.pjm.com | Public 8 PJM©2020



Information Regarding Interconnection

- The Commission declined to exercise its jurisdiction over the interconnection of DERs to distribution facilities for the purpose of participating in RTO/ISO markets exclusively as part of a DER aggregation.
 - Did not require standard interconnection procedures and agreements or wholesale distribution tariffs for such interconnections. (90)
 - The interconnection of a DER to a distribution facility for the purpose of participating in RTO/ISO markets exclusively through a DER aggregation would not constitute a first interconnection for the purpose of making wholesale sales under the "first use" test. (97)
 - Only a DER requesting interconnection to the distribution facility for the purpose of directly engaging in wholesale transactions (i.e., not through a DER aggregation) would create a "first use" and any subsequent DER interconnecting for the purpose of directly engaging in wholesale transactions would be considered a Commission-jurisdictional interconnection. (97)

www.pjm.com | Public 9 PJM©2020



Information Regarding Interconnection

- The order does not require any changes to the pro forma Generator
 Interconnection Procedures or Generator Interconnection Agreements. (98)
- The order also does not revise the Commission's jurisdictional approach to the interconnections of QFs that participate in DER aggregations. (98)
- FERC declined to create universal requirements regarding impact studies of DER aggregations, but left it to the discretion of the state/local authorities for distribution, and the RTOs/ISOs for transmission. (99)
- If a DER wishes to participate in a DER aggregation, and has already interconnected via FERC-jurisdictional procedures, it is not required to convert to state or local interconnection agreements. (103)

www.pjm.com | Public PJM©202



- The rule is effective 60 days after publication in the Federal Register.
- Each RTO/ISO must file their tariff changes within 270 days after the publication date of the rule. (360)
- Each RTO/ISO must propose in its compliance filing a reasonable implementation date, together with adequate support explaining how the proposal is appropriately tailored for its region and implements the final rule in a timely manner. (361)
- The Commission will establish on compliance the effective date for each RTO's/ISO's compliance filing. (361)



Thomas DeVita; Thomas.DeVita@pjm.com

Danielle Croop;
Danielle.Croop@pjm.com

Please send feedback on compliance directives, if any, to the above contacts.



Member Hotline

(610) 666 - 8980

(866) 400 - 8980

custsvc@pjm.com