

# PJM Stakeholder Process Training: CBIR Process



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November 30, 2023





- Roles
- Issue Initiation Process
- Mutual Gains Theory
- Consensus Based Issue Resolution (CBIR)
- Alternative processes
- Annual work planning process
- Getting Involved

### Purposes of the Stakeholder Process

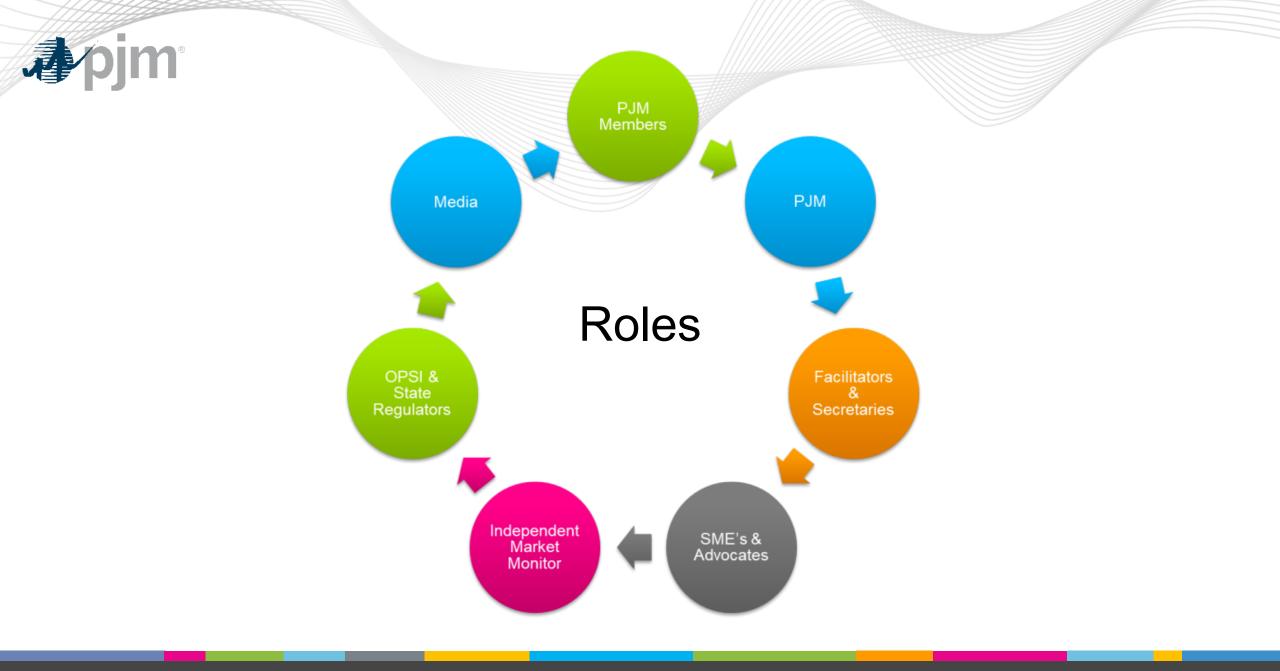
**Educate** each other on issues related to PJM markets, operations, planning, credit & risk, public policies and industry matters

**Explore** solutions, build consensus, and develop manual / governing document revisions which may help policymakers approve key laws and regulations

**Enhance** communication among members and between members and PJM management



Vet and approve/endorse changes to PJM markets, operations, planning and credit & risk as contained in the OA, Tariff, RAA and manuals



### PJM Role

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### Manual 34: 4.2

#### **Stakeholder Process**

- Providing feedback/enforcement related to meeting deadlines, procedures, stakeholder protocols and quality control
- Efficiently utilizing the resources that PJM needs to service the stakeholder process

#### Logistics

Providing necessary analytic and logistical support

#### Facilitation

Providing fair, non-partisan facilitation of meetings for all participants

#### Education

Providing education and information on the issues

#### Informing

- Bringing forward operational and other important issues to stakeholders
- Keeping stakeholders informed about important outside events and interactions

#### Ideas

Developing proposals (at member's request or as needed)

#### Advocating

Advocating necessary reliability or market design-driven initiatives



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#### Manual 34: 4.1

It is the responsibility of each participant in the stakeholder process to represent its interests in cooperation with all other stakeholders to ensure the reliability of the PJM system and implementation of efficient, fair and transparent markets. Specific responsibilities of the members include:

- Articulating their interests, concerns, and ideas and their basis of support for a particular approach or proposal
- Raising objections and concerns, and the responsibility to provide an alternative if they are not able to agree with a proposal or option
- Alerting the stakeholder meeting facilitator to specific sensitive concerns related to the process
  or subject matter
- Providing all materials in a timely manner for website posting and notification
- Adhering to the group's charter and work plan, and seeking to complete it in a timely and efficient manner including any regulatory or other deadlines



### **IMM & OPSI Roles**

### Manual 34

#### 4.3 IMM

The market monitoring unit may, as it deems appropriate or necessary, perform functions under the PJM Tariff participate (consistent with the rules applicable to all PJM stakeholders) in stakeholder working groups, committees or other PJM stakeholder processes.

#### **4.4 OPSI and State Regulators**

- OPSI and its member regulatory agencies (commissions) have a unique relationship in the PJM stakeholder process.
- Currently, OPSI and the commissions are not members of PJM.
- OPSI as an entity, or any state commission individually, may elect to become a member as provided for in the Operating Agreement.
- Under a June 2005 Memorandum of Understanding between the OPSI Board and the PJM Board, commissioners and staff of commissions participate, deliberate, give input and engage at all levels of PJM stakeholder groups but do not vote on any issue.



# **Issue Initiation Process**



### Initiation of New Issues

#### Issue Source

#### External

- Operations
- Federal regulator
- State regulator
- State legislature
- NERC or Reliability Council

#### Internal

- Board
- PJM member
- Group of members
- OPSI
- Independent Market
   Monitor

# How is the Issue Identified in the Stakeholder Process?

#### **External Source**

- Letter written to PJM or Board
- Oral communication
- Order

#### **Internal Source**

- Staff to present to committee
- Board letter to Members, which is presented by staff to committee

#### Internal Source – Member

- Letter from Member to PJM staff or Board
- Proposal to committee

#### Initial Screening

- Recommendation of which committee should review
- Issue place on committee meeting agenda
- Presentation to committee
- Member decides which committee may be appropiate for review
- Member contacts staff and requests committee
- Presentation to committee
- May bring up issue during a meeting

#### Ultimate Decision-Making

- Retain issue
- Assign to another existing standing committee, task force or subcomittee
- Create a new subcomittee, task force or special team
- Decide not to take up the issue



### **Problem Statement/Charge/Charter**

#### **PROBLEM STATEMENT**

#### **\*** ISSUE CHARGE

#### CHARTER

### A clear statement of:

- The problem or issue
- The situation to be improved
- The opportunity to be seized
- Why it warrants consideration in the stakeholder process

### Includes:

- Objectives of the group
- Expected overall duration of work
- Milestones and deadlines
  - Administrative details
  - Priority and timing of work
  - Assignment of the issue
  - Decision-making method
  - Determination if Issue Charge
     will serve as charter

New charters are only required for the creation of new standing committees and subcommittees. Charter updates are required for work assigned to existing groups.

#### Includes:

- Voting/polling authority
- Reporting requirements
- Sunsetting requirements



#### **Issue Life Cycle**

#### PARENT





# **Mutual Gains Theory**

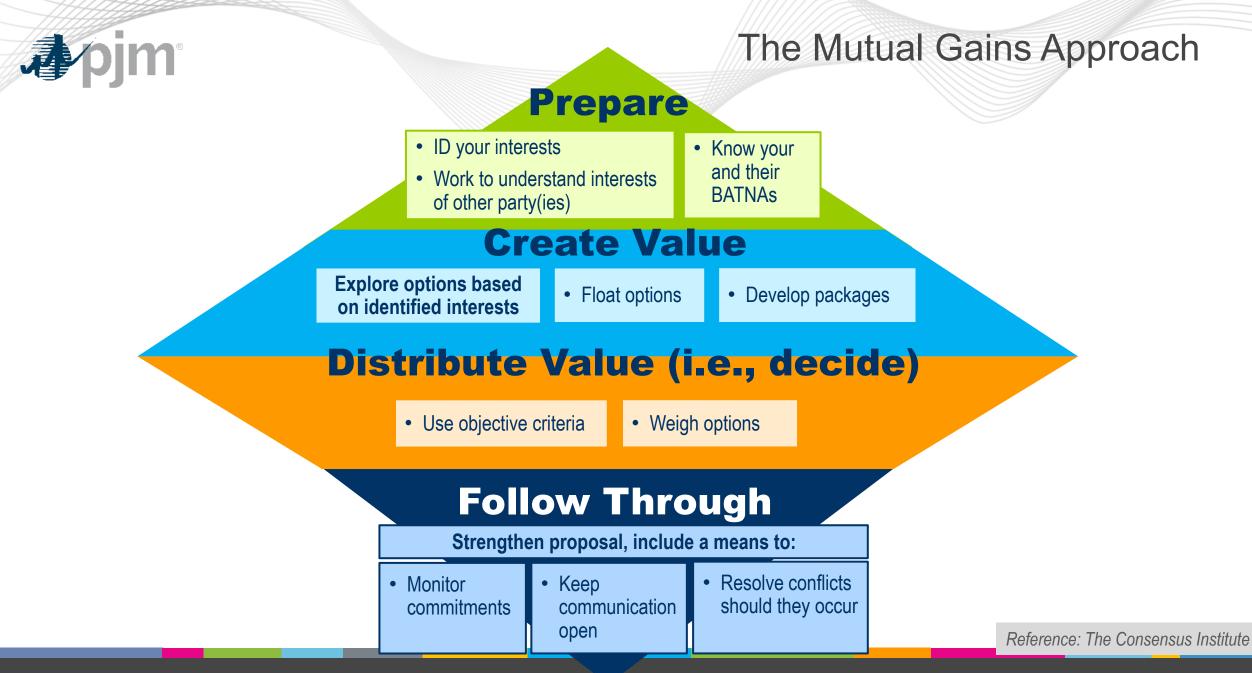
### **Mutual Gains Theory**



Developed at the Consensus Building Institute, with Larry Susskind, MIT professor

Process model based on hundreds of real-world cases and experimental findings

- Four steps for negotiating better outcomes while protecting relationships and reputation
- Central tenet parties typically have more than one goal or concern in mind and more than one issue that can be addressed in the agreement they reach
- Allows parties to improve their chances of creating an agreement superior to existing alternatives
- Emphasizes careful analysis and good process management
- Mutual Gains approach is not the same as "Win-Win"





### Mutual Gains > CBIR

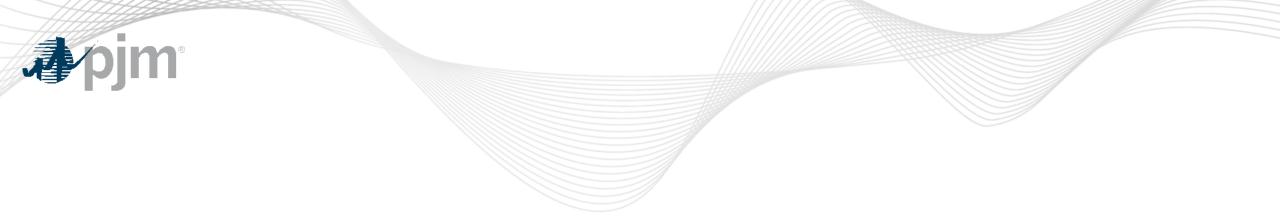
#### **Mutual Gains – Four Stages:**

- Preparation
- Value creation
- Solution
- 4 Follow-through

### **CBIR – Four Steps:**

- Investigation & Education
- Options & Proposals
- S Narrowing & Decision-Making
- 4 Reporting > Implementation

www.cbuilding.org/cbis-mutual-gains-approach-negotiation



# Consensus Based Issue Resolution (CBIR)



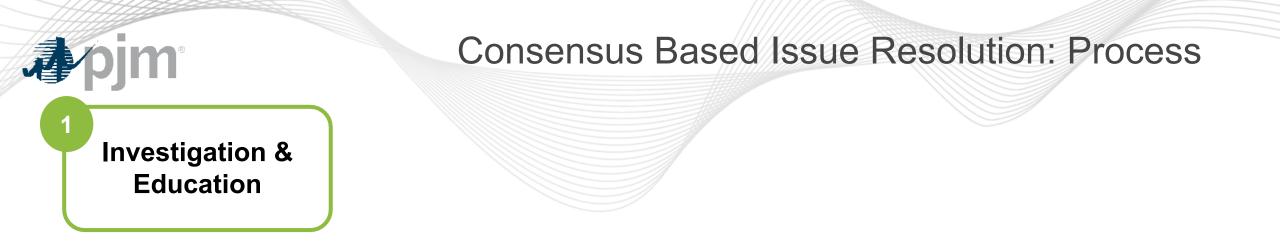
### **Stakeholder Process Overview**



# 1 Investigation & Education

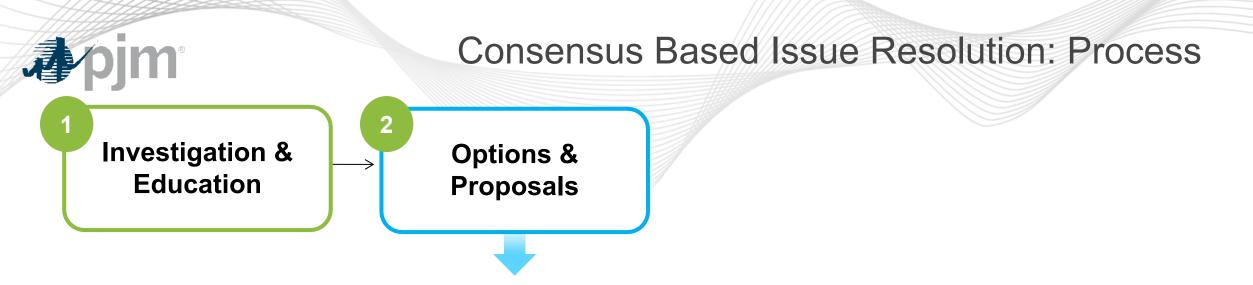
### **Consensus Based Issue Resolution: Process**

- Develop and maintain a work plan
- Agree on roles, responsibilities, deadlines and goals
- Develop list of topics for coverage
- Describe and document existing operations and procedures
- Determine whether any information necessary to do the work is missing
- Explore and consider "best practices"
- Determine whether outside expertise or assistance may be needed



### **Identify Interests**

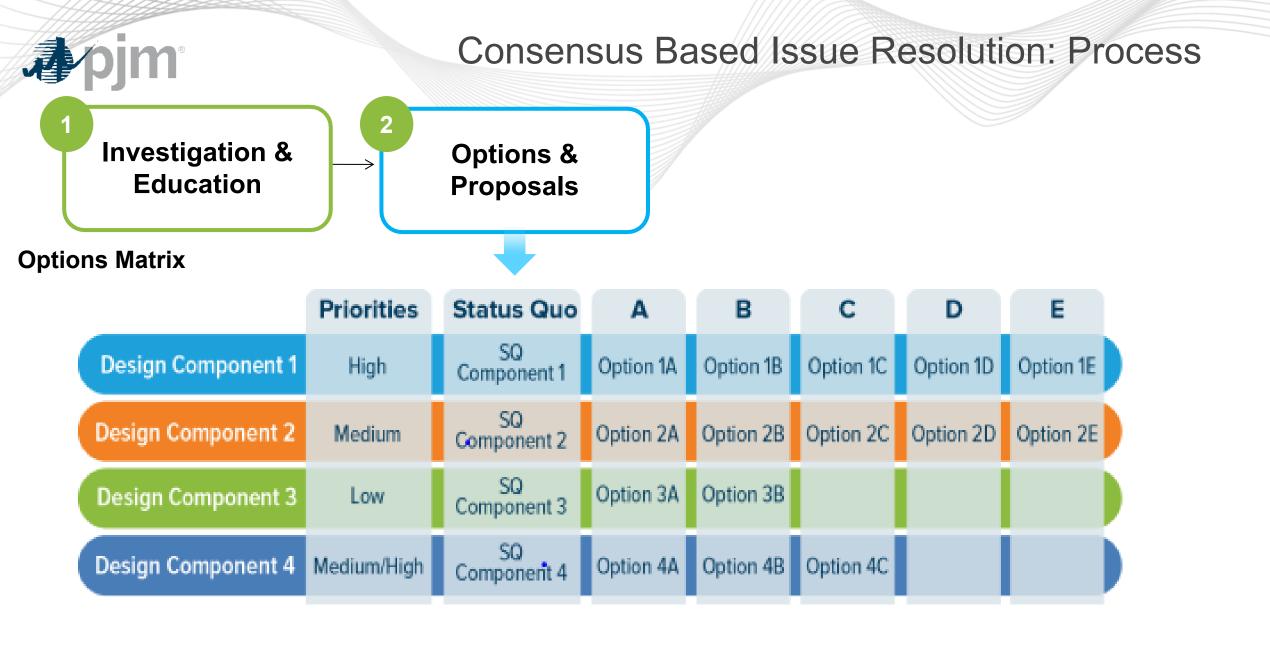
- Ask participants to communicate the importance of the issue to their organization
- Ask participants to share the most and least important interests in regard to the issue
- Consolidate responses
- Batch and present visible themes

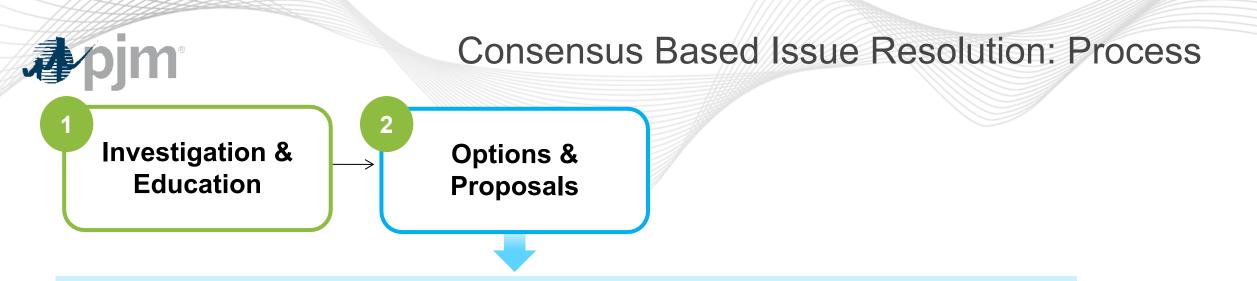


Brainstorm solution options and proposals using a two-step process

### Step 1: Options Matrix

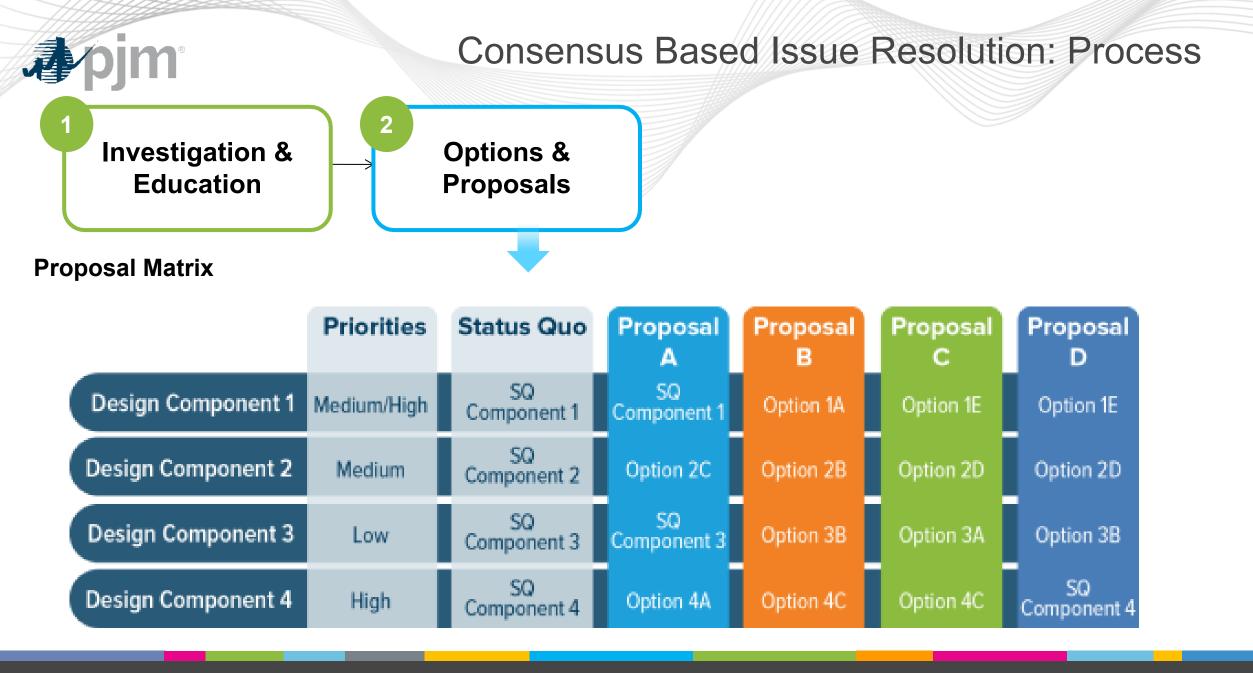
- Develop design components
- Identify priority level
- Propose solution options
- Evaluate and narrow down options ("winnowing")

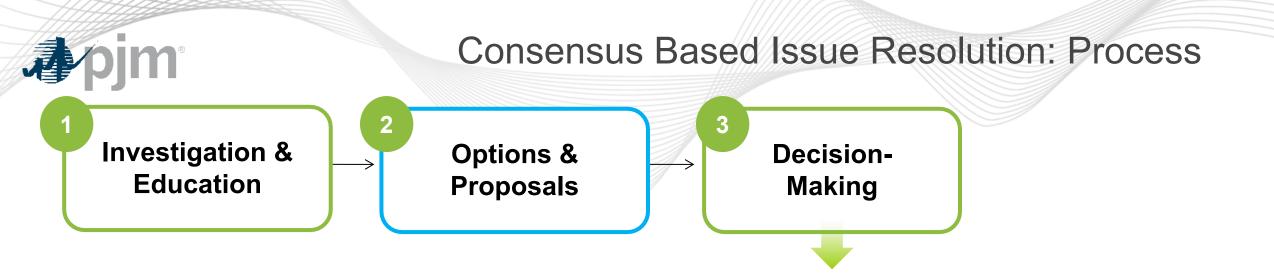




### Step 2: Proposal Matrix

- Discuss development of proposals (packages), encouraging broad stakeholder proposals
- Use solution option for each package
- Identify similarities and differences
- Prioritize, refine and consolidate as best as possible





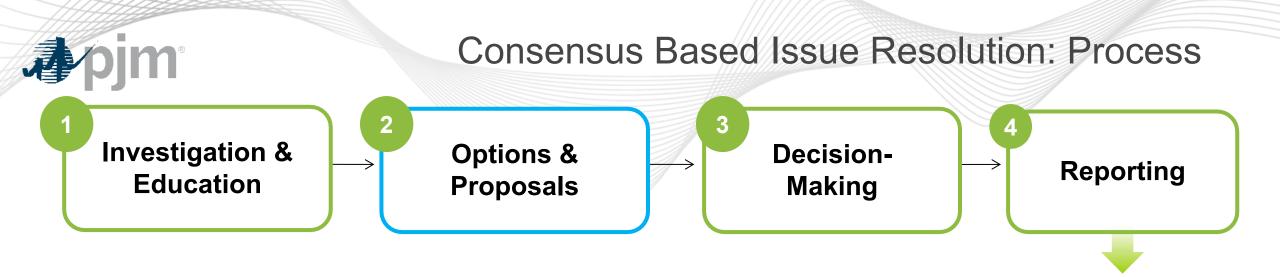
Use polling and voting to narrow and gauge support for options and proposals

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Negotiate and build consensus *Tier 1:* Achieve consensus on a single proposal that all parties accept with no objections

*Tier 2:* Provide 2–3 alternatives when consensus is not obtained under the Tier 1 approach

 Vote at parent committee and up the committee hierarchy as needed



- The task force or subcommittee is required to provide *periodic updates* and a *final report* to the parent committee
- Updates should include progress on milestones and deliverables
- The final report will detail all the of steps used in the evaluation process including the proposed solutions



The facilitator prepared a report on behalf of the task force, which included the preferred recipe of the vast majority of the participants (Recipe 4) and Recipe 2, the gluten-free alternative.



#### The report included:

- 1. A copy of the matrices (both component options and recipes/packages)
- 2. Polling results
- **3**. A brief discussion of the consolidated interests considered in reviewing the options and recipes (packages)
- A recommendation for further future research on gluten-free flours — perhaps for PJM's next cake
- 5. A query about the possibility of making a few gluten-free cupcakes to go along with the chocolate cake this time around



#### **Alternative Processes**

- Enhanced Liaison Committee (ELC) formal process that creates coalitions to present to the PJM Board for decision
- Critical Issue Fast Path (CIFP) streamlined formal process, using the matrix, education, proposals, presentations to the Board and voting at the MC
- Quick Fix brings the solution along with the problem for straightforward issues
- **CBIR Lite** creates a subgroup of a standing committee with no voting authority
- User Groups Stakeholder group formed by five or more voting members sharing a common interest; minority protection



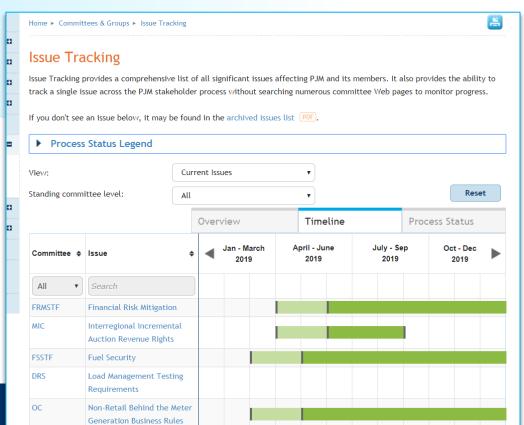
### **Annual Work Planning Process**

The objective of the annual plan is to document the work to be completed in the coming year

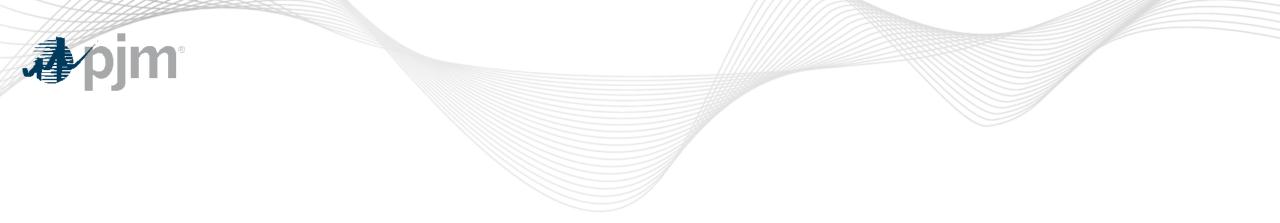
The annual plan should be used where prioritizing issues in the stakeholder process

The plan will include issues likely to result in proposals to the Members Committee for approval

**Issues Tracking on pjm.com** offers current, searchable updates



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# **Getting Involved**



### **Getting Involved**

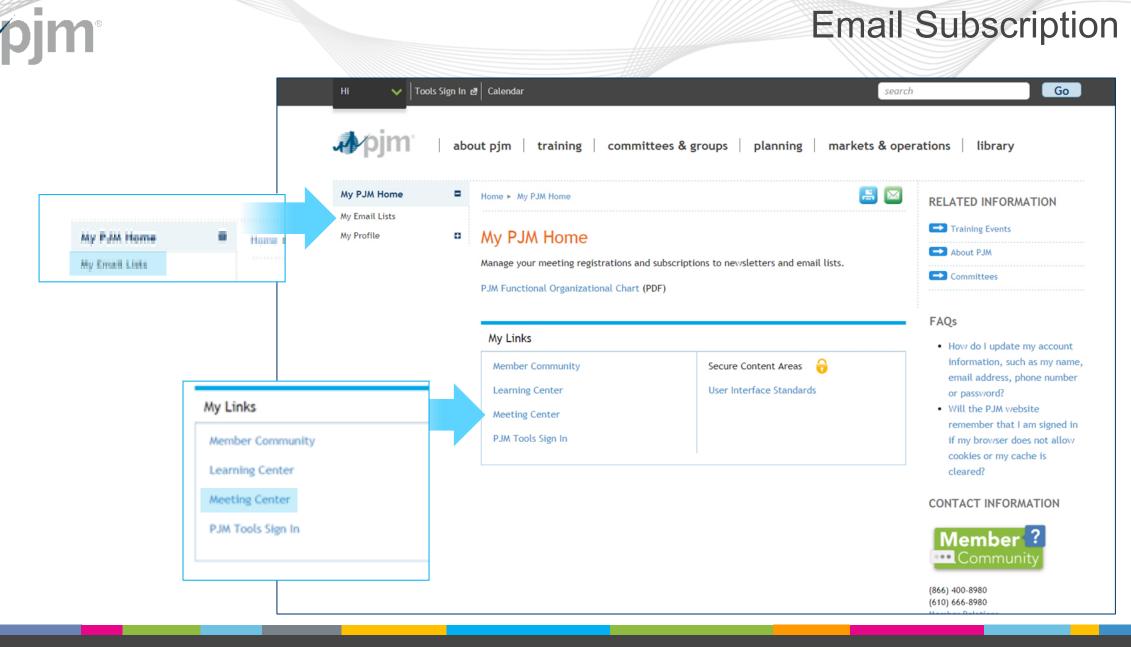




Getting Involved

- Join email distribution lists to receive all future emails regarding this group
- Register for meetings in Meeting Center
- Join the roster for groups of interest (required for voting representatives)

### **Email Subscription**



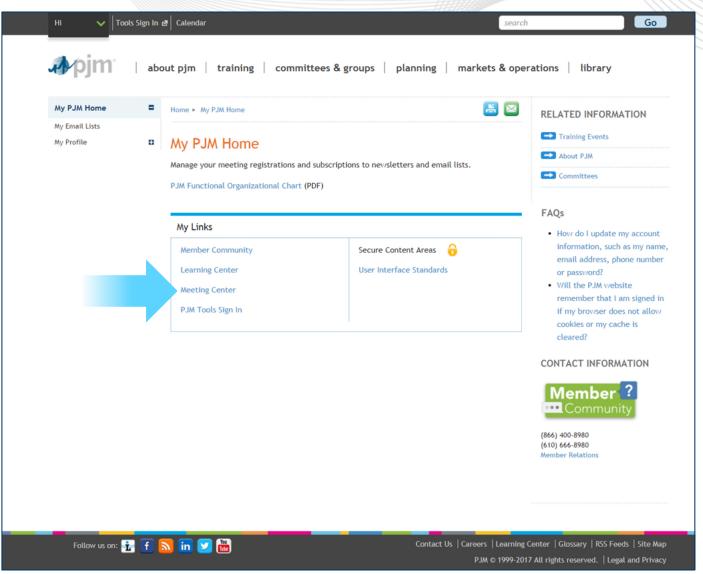


### **Email Subscription**

	=	Home > My PJM Home > My Email Lists								
	My Email Lists									
	My Profile		My Email Lists							
			PJM uses a number of lists to send meeting notices, materials, voting or polling results, tool updates and reminders to stakeholders. To subscribe to a list, browse the topic categories and							
			select the lists to which you	ı would	like to be added. Once you have made your selection					
					be processed within 10 minutes of submission. Do as this will overwrite the latest request.					
	If you don't see an email list in the Available Subscriptions box below, you can update									
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			mailing list which you v	vould lik	se to be subscribed to or unsubscribed from.					
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			Subcommittees	0	Financial Risk Mitigation Senior Task Force					
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				0	Market Efficiency Process Enhancement Task For	ce 🗹				
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Meeting Center	1. Scr	oll through	the list of available meetings		
Status Open Closed Registered	-	results 1 - 15 of 241 Filters   Save My Fil ters	3. Click Registe Select: All   None Register		
Canceled Committees & Groups	Meetir	_			
Markets & Reliability Committee Members Committee Riapping Committee		4.7.2020 9:00 a.m 4:00 p.m. EPT	Capacity Capability Senior Task Force Conference Call Capacity Capability Senior Task Force		Open
L H Blanning Committee					

2. Select CCSTF

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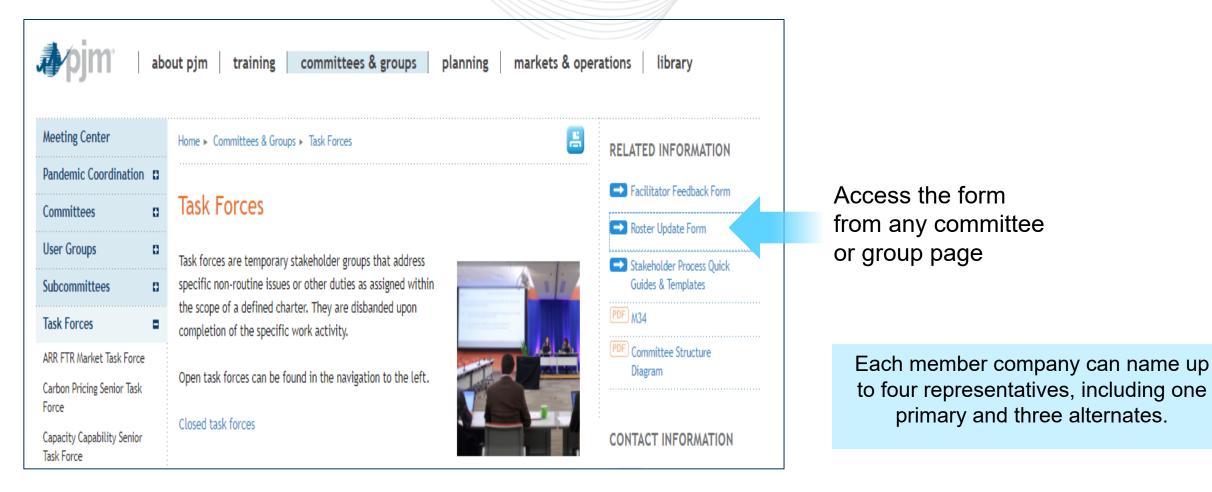
### **Roster Update Form**

- Individuals authorized to vote on behalf of the member company must be included on the roster.
- Rosters also provide contact information for other involved stakeholders.



### **Roster Update Form**

### Update roster members using the **Roster Update Form**.





### **Contact Information**

# PJM Stakeholder Affairs Stakeholder Affairs Team@pjm.com