

Markets Report

Jennifer Warner-Freeman Sr. Economist, Performance Compliance MC Webinar March 22, 2021



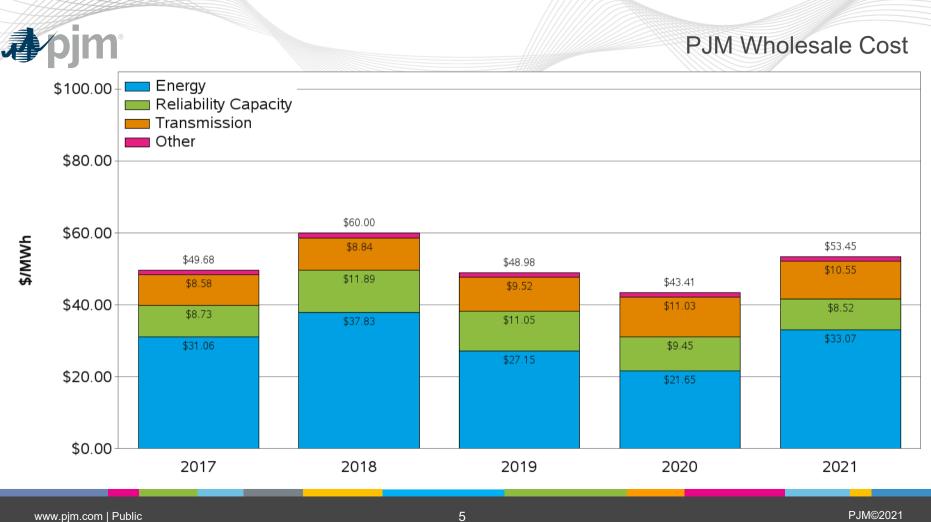
- PJM Wholesale Cost for 2021 is \$53.45/MWh, up from full-year 2020 costs of \$43.41/MWh. (Slides 5 & 6)
- Slides pertaining to weather conditions, in addition to slides showing average fuel prices, generation on-line fuel mixes, and System Marginal Prices have been combined into a Market Conditions section. (Slides 8- 19)
- In February, temperatures were below average for most of the month. Thus, the sum of Heating and Cooling Degree Days was above its historic average. (Slides 8-10)
- Energy use was also above its historic average for February. (Slides 8-10)



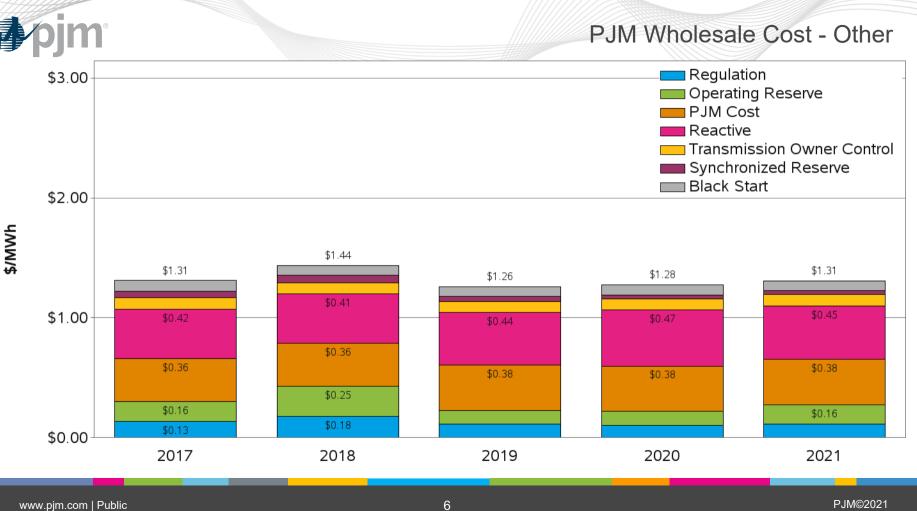
- In February, uplift exceeded \$800,000 on six days February 13th and 15th-19th.(Slides 24 & 25)
- Load-weighted average LMP for 2021 is \$33.07/MWh: (Slides 31 & 32)
 - February 2021 was \$41.60/MWh, which is higher than February 2020 (\$19.40/MWh) and February 2019 (\$28.10/MWh).
- FTR revenue adequacy for the month of February is 100% and the 2020-2021 Planning Year is currently funded at 99%. (Slides 47-50)
- Congestion remains low, however, higher than values observed last February. (Slide 48)
- Regulation and Synchronized Reserve market costs have generally tracked with energy prices over time. (Slides 63-65)



Markets Report



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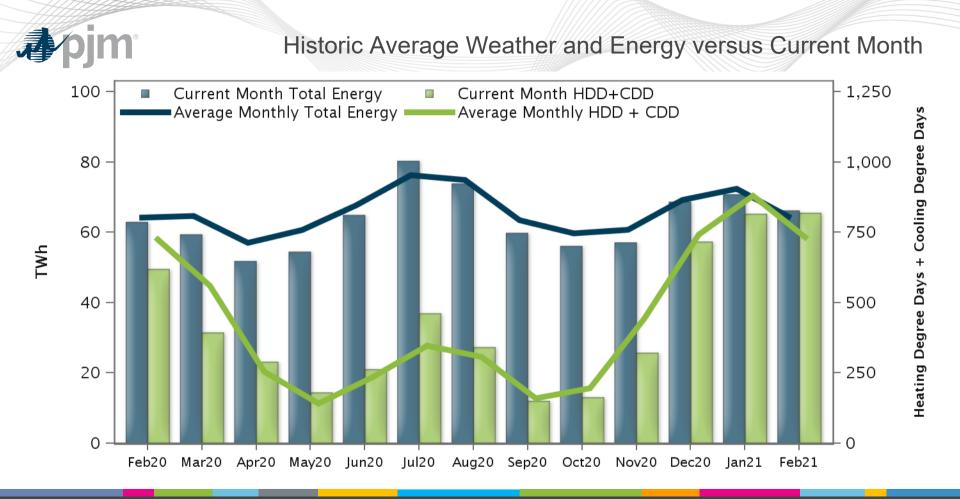




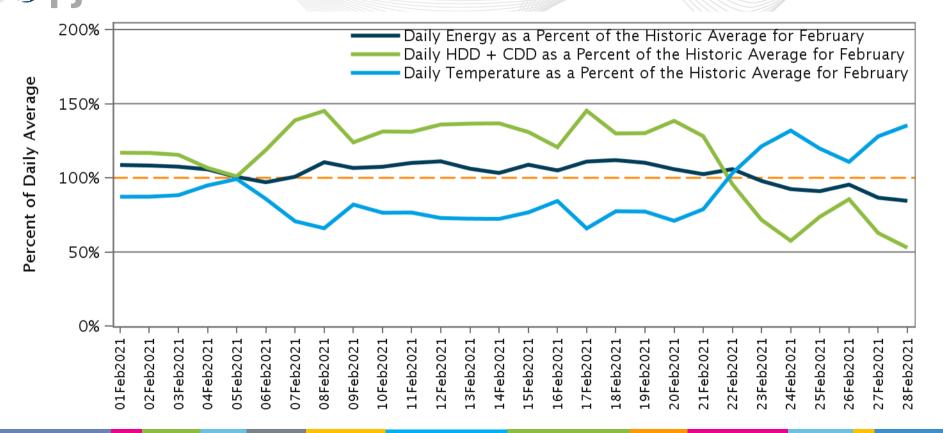
Market Conditions



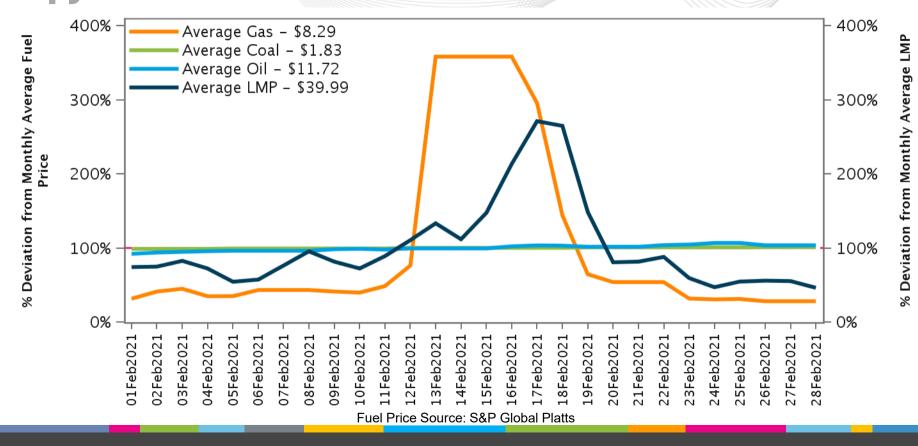
- The weather parameter shown in the following slide is a monthly sum of daily Heating Degree Days (HDD) and Cooling Degree Days (CDD).
- Degree days represent a deviation from a baseline temperature, in this case 60 degrees for HDD and 65 degrees for CDD. As temperatures get more extreme, colder or hotter, either HDDs or CDDs, respectively, will increase.
- Typically, winter months will only record HDDs, while summer months will only record CDDs. Shoulder months may have both HDDs and CDDs.
- Degree Days are calculated using a daily load weighting that weights values from stations in each TO zone according to the zonal contribution to the RTO peak on that day.
- Average values use data from 1998 to the most recent complete year, in this case, 2020. Averages include load data for all of TO zones in the current RTO footprint.



Historic Average Weather and Energy versus Current Month - Daily



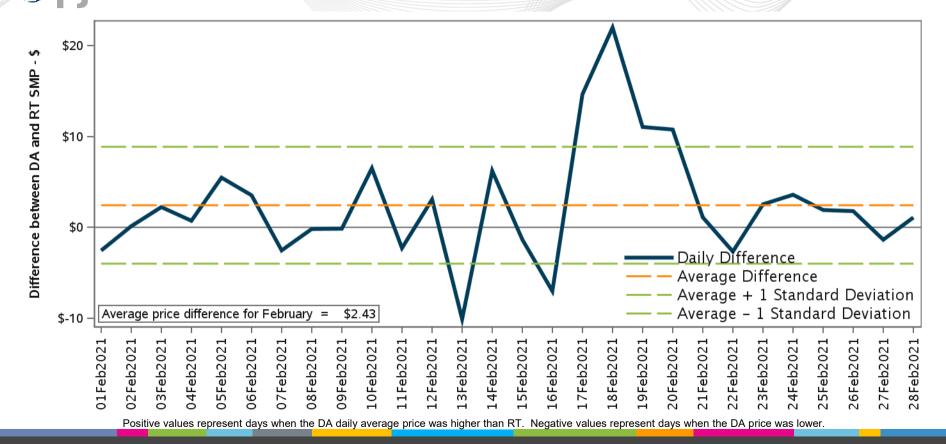




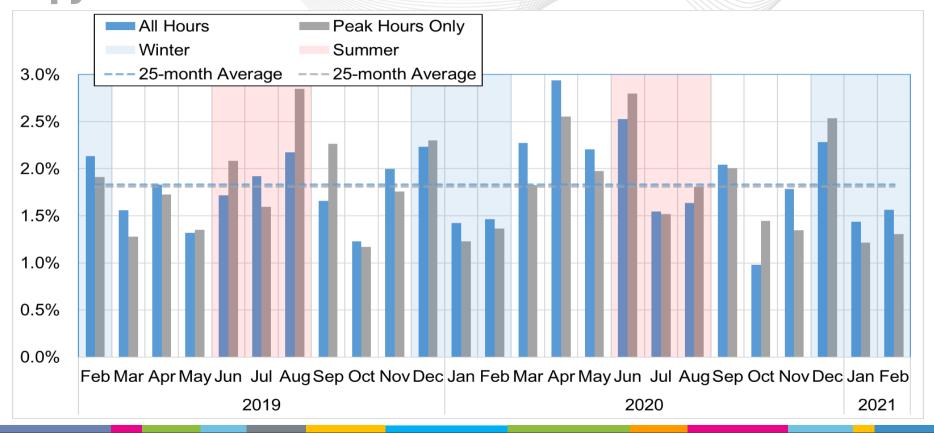
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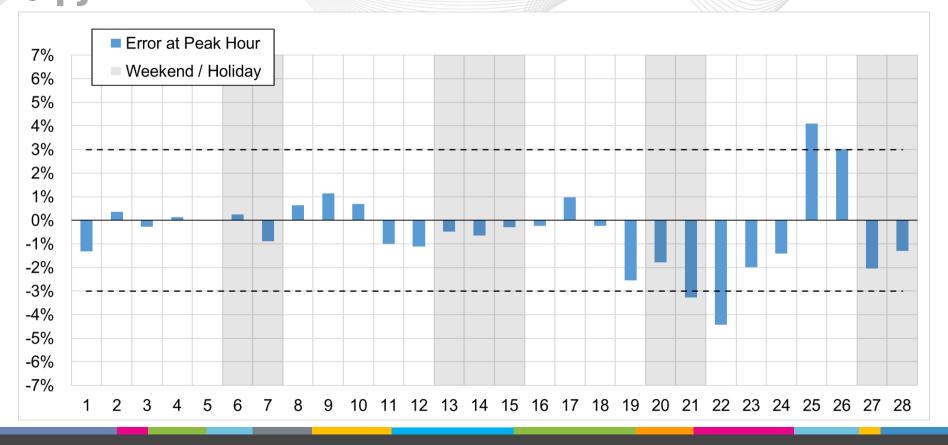
Daily Difference Between Day-Ahead and Real-Time System Marginal Prices



Dim Load Forecast Error – Monthly Absolute Error, 10:00 Forecast



Load Forecast Error – February Daily Peaks, 10:00 Forecast



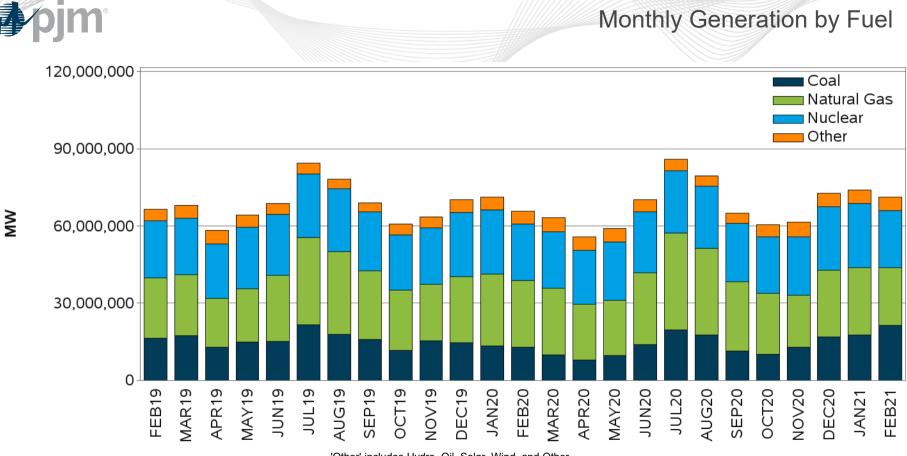


Load Forecast Error

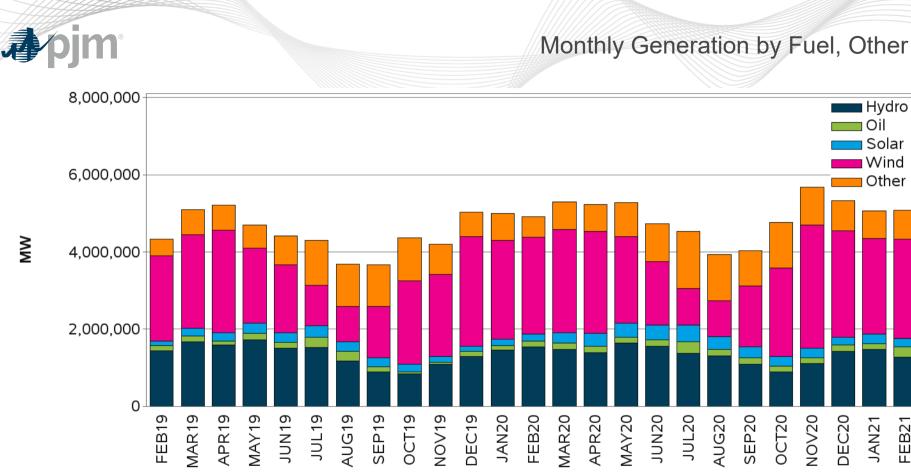
PJM prepares a day-ahead load forecast at 10:00 am for use by our members.

This forecast is not used to clear the day-ahead market and is not utilized for the reliability tools that run subsequent to the day-ahead market.

- The load forecast continued to perform well in February, as models remained adapted to colder weather conditions.
- Weather forecast error and load forecast model error both contributed to the underforecasting of the peaks on 2/21 and 2/22.
- Weather forecast error primarily drove the over-forecasting of the peaks on 2/25 and 2/26.



'Other' includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other



'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables

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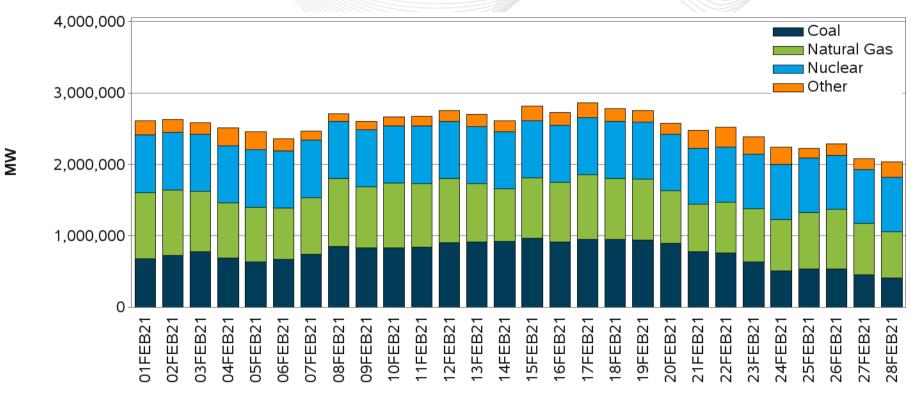
Hydro Oil Solar Wind

Other

17



Daily Generation by Fuel - February

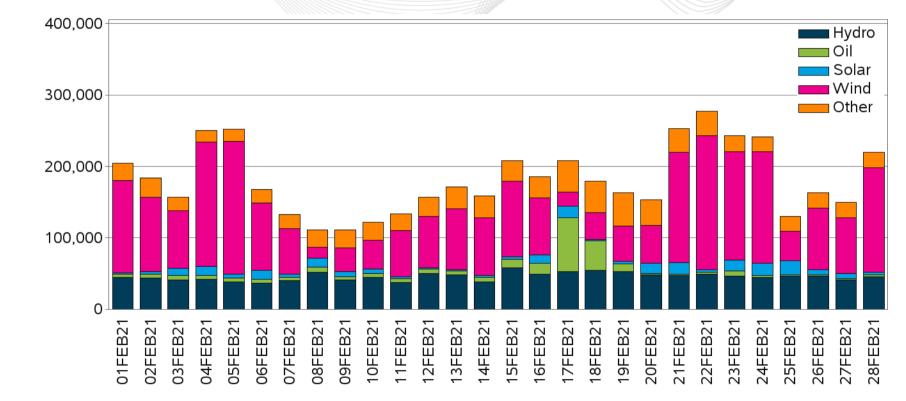


'Other' includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other



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Daily Generation by Fuel, Other - February



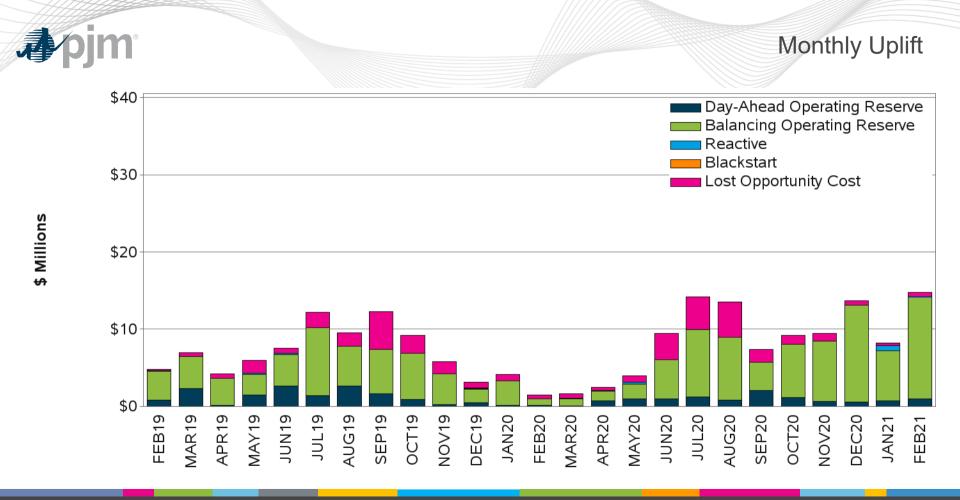
'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables



Operating Reserve

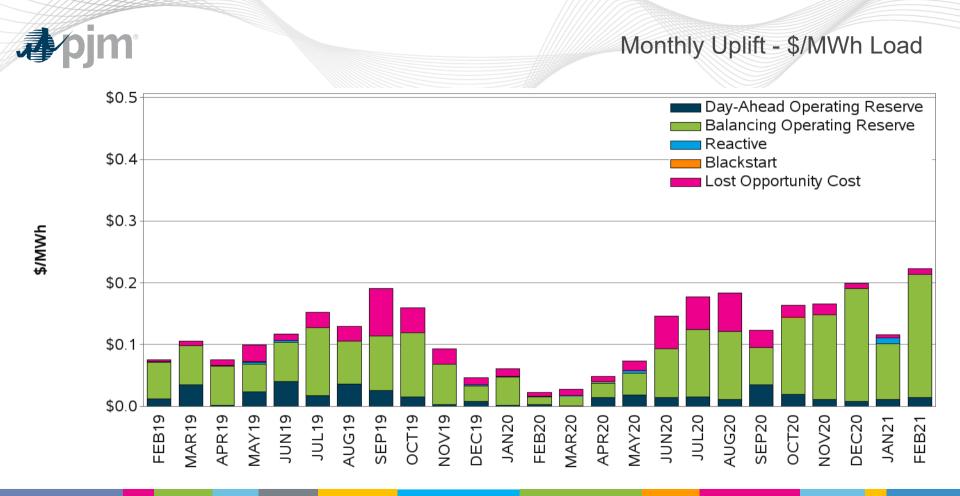
(Uplift)



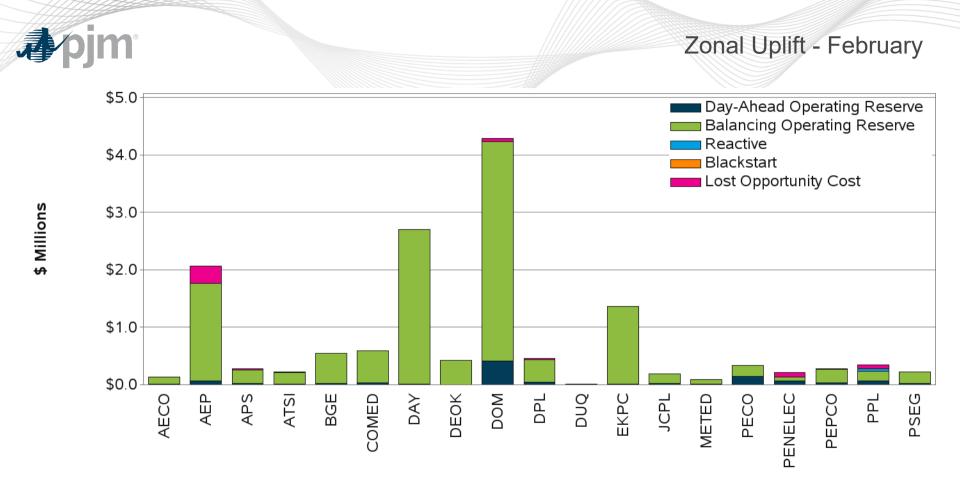


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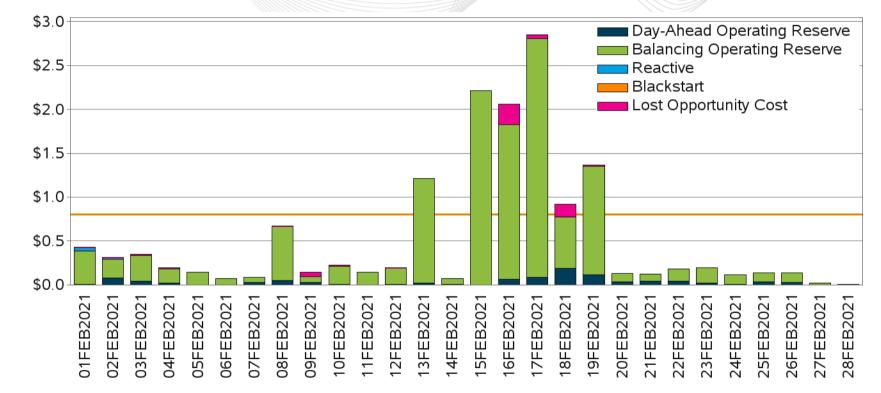
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\$ Millions

Daily Uplift - February



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In January, uplift exceeded \$800,000 on six days – February 13^{th} and February $15^{th} - 19^{th}$.

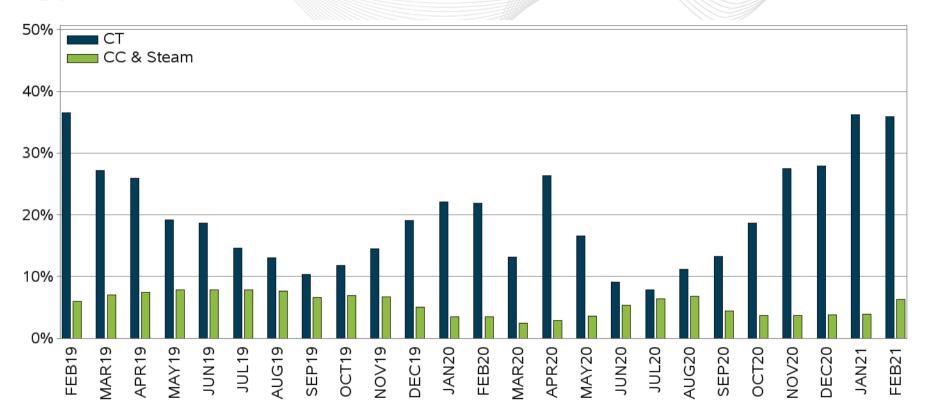
Contributing factors to uplift were:

- Load forecast error (particularly on the 17th where load came in below what we anticipated)
- Interchange exporting out
- Constraint control
- Increased offer costs

More information on Uplift can be found on PJM's website at Drivers of Uplift

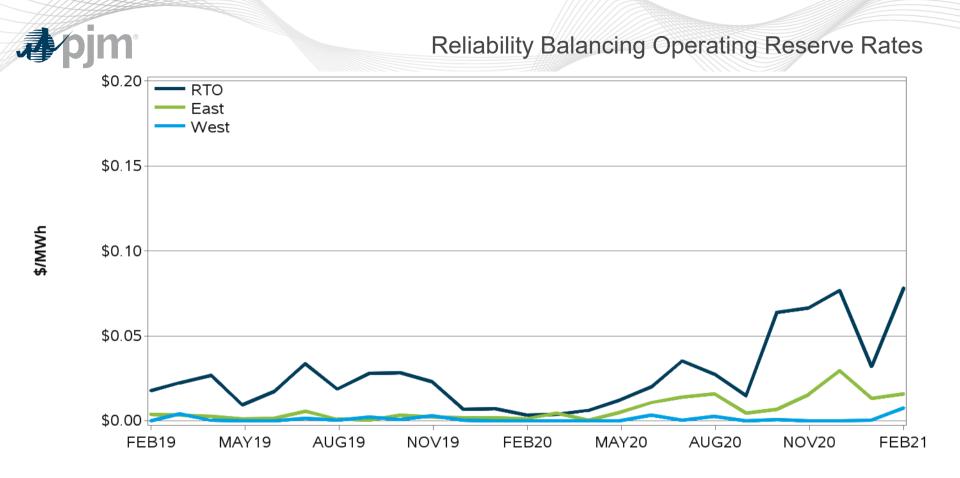
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Percent of Total CT, CC and Steam Hours with LMP < Offer



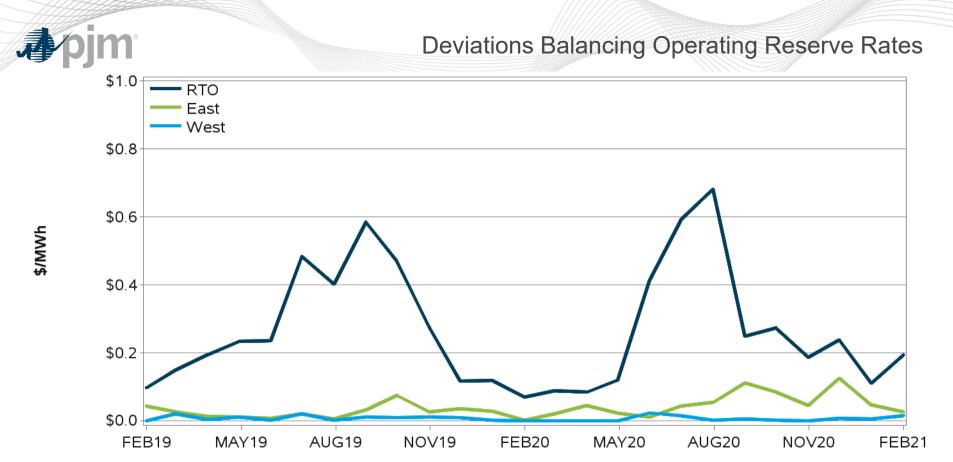


- Beginning in December 2008, the daily Balancing Operating Reserves (BOR) rate was replaced with six different BOR rates: RTO BOR for Reliability Rate, RTO BOR for Deviations Rate, East BOR for Reliability Rate, East BOR for Deviations Rate, West BOR for Reliability Rate, West BOR for Deviations Rate.
- Reliability rates are charged to all real-time load and exports, whereas deviation rates, as before, are charged only to real-time deviations. RTO rates are charged to the whole footprint, whereas East and West rate adders are charged based on location.



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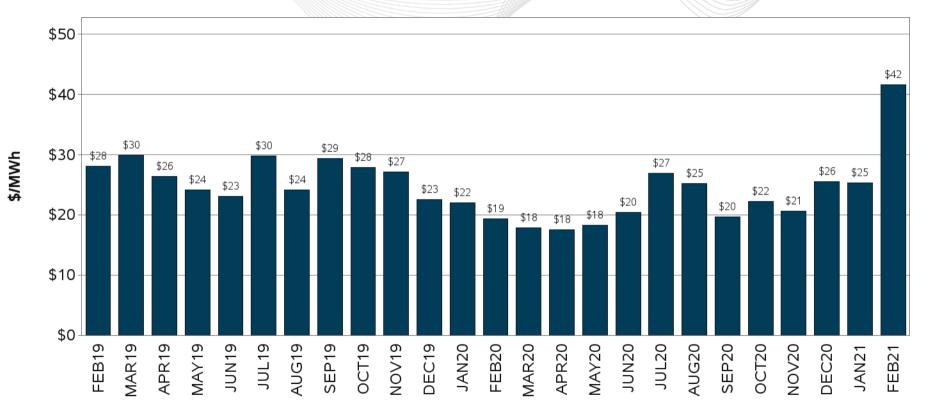
Energy Market

LMP Summary

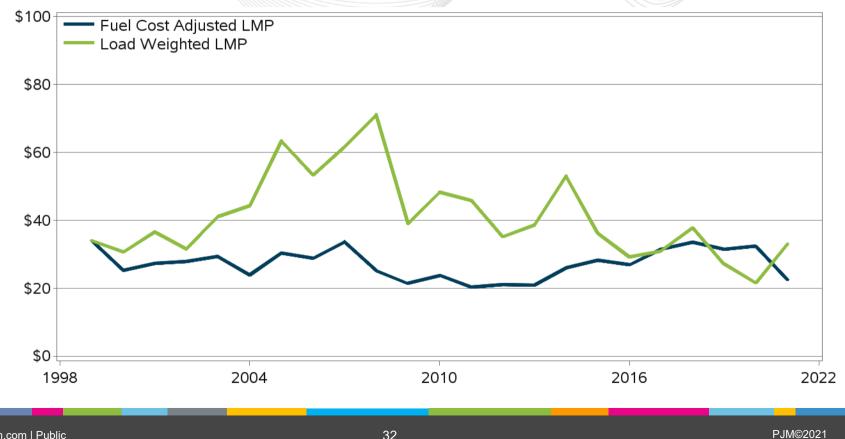




Load-Weighted Average LMP



Fuel Cost Adjusted LMP (Referenced to 1999 Fuel Prices)

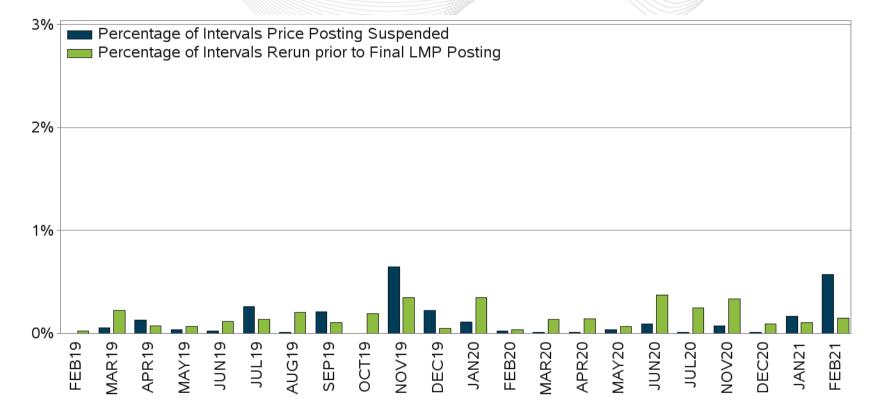


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LMP Price Posting Suspensions and Reruns



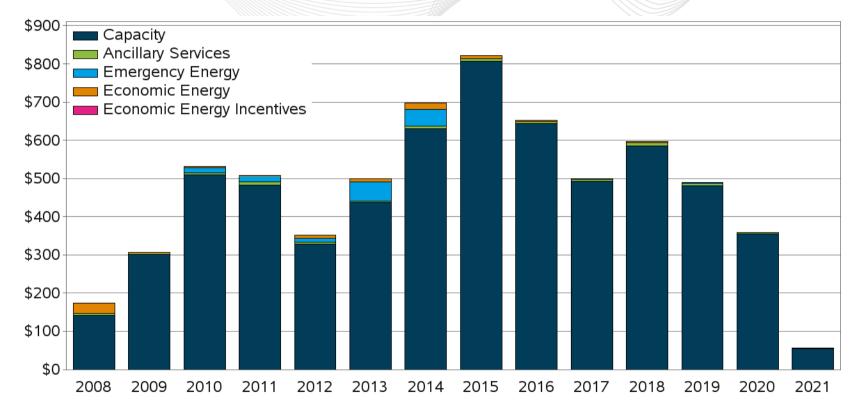


Energy Market

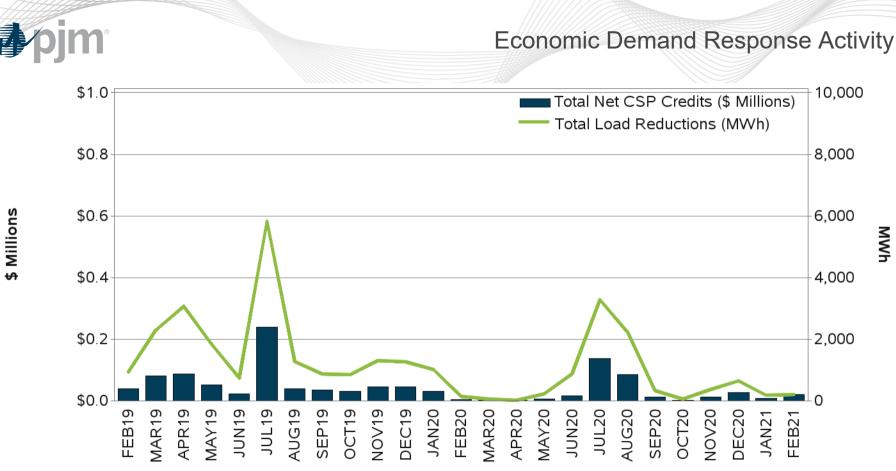
Demand Response Summary



Demand Side Response Estimated Revenue

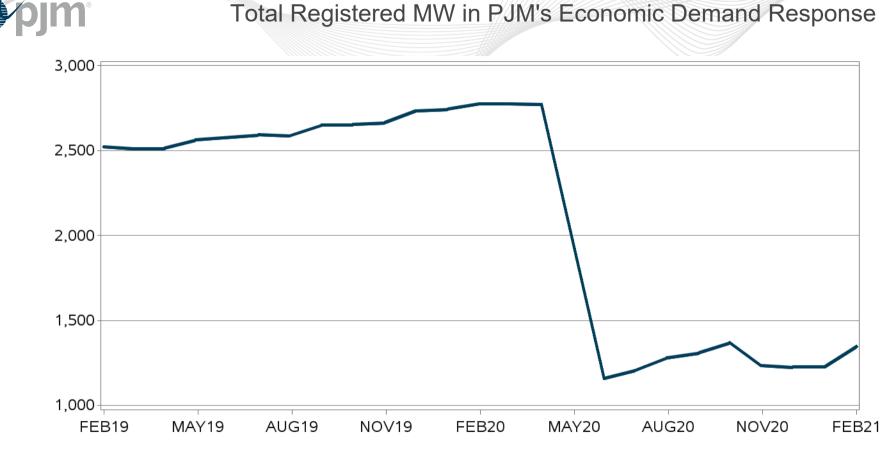


\$ Millions



*Data for the last few months are subject to significant change due to the settlement window.

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Energy Market

Virtual Activity Summary



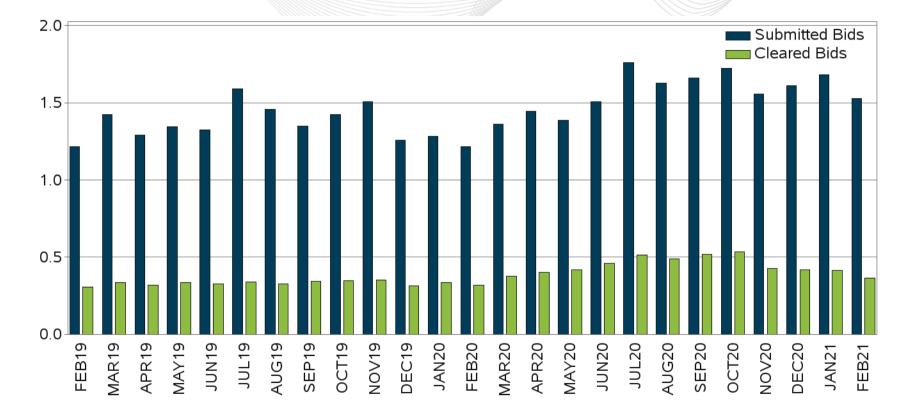
INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions

- The following six charts depict trends in submitted and cleared virtual and up-to-congestion transactions, in terms of number and volume, into the PJM Energy Market. The first two of these charts show the submitted and cleared increment and decrement bids (virtual transactions or virtuals) and they are the same as what was previously being presented in this report. The two charts after them display the trends in submitted and cleared up-to-congestion transactions into the PJM Energy Market. The last two of these six charts combine the virtual and up-to-congestion transactions and show the sum of these two categories.
- To clarify what a bid or transaction is, please consider the following example: An offer (increment, decrement or up-to-congestion) of 10 MW, valid for eight hours for a given day, is captured in the charts as eight submitted bids/transactions and 80 submitted MWh. If this offer fully clears for three of the hours it was submitted for, it shows in the charts as three cleared bids/transactions and 30 cleared MWh.



Number of Bids (Millions)

Virtual Bids (INCs & DECs) - Total Number

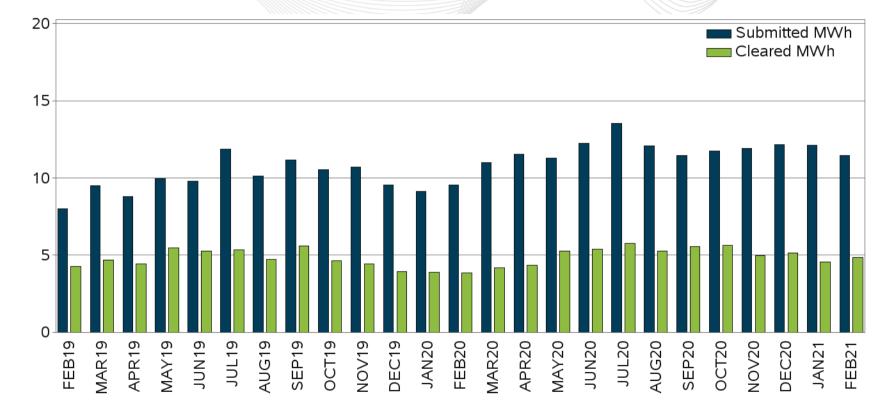


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MWh (Millions)

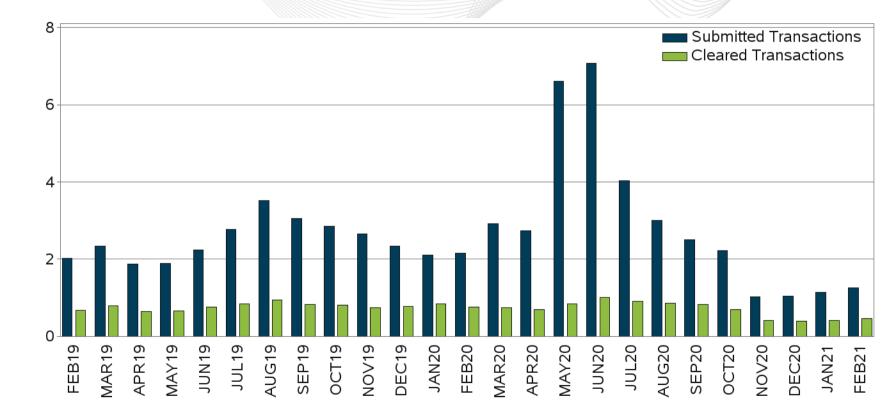
Virtual Bids (INCs & DECs) - Total Volume



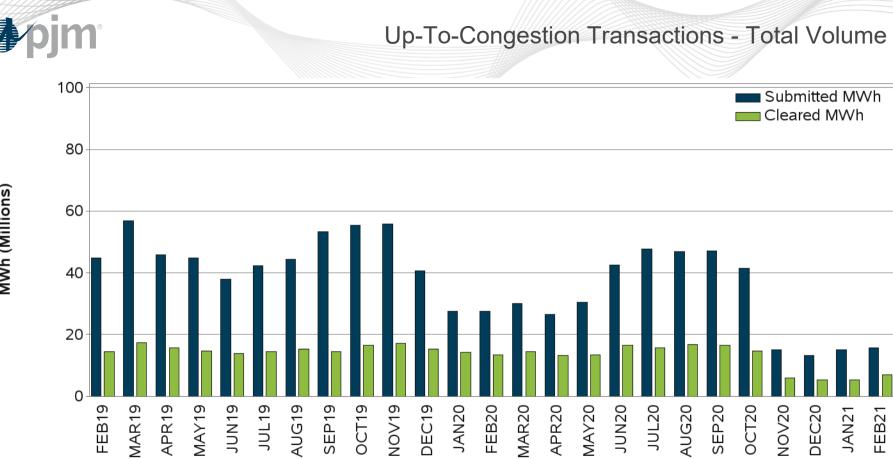


Number of Transactions (Millions)

Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Number



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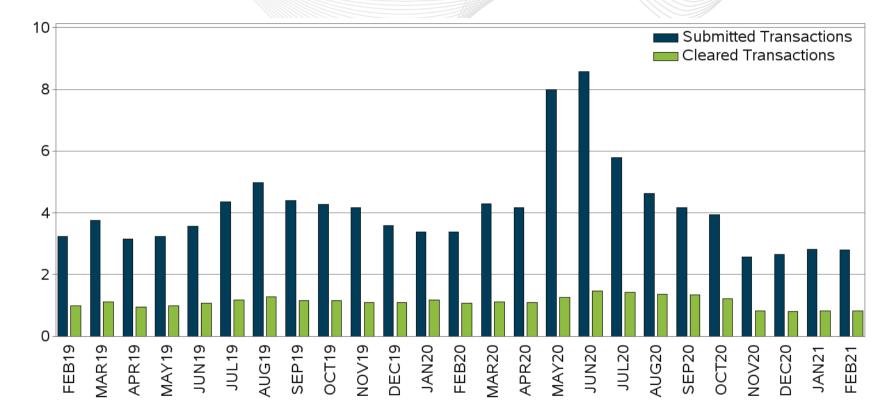


MWh (Millions)



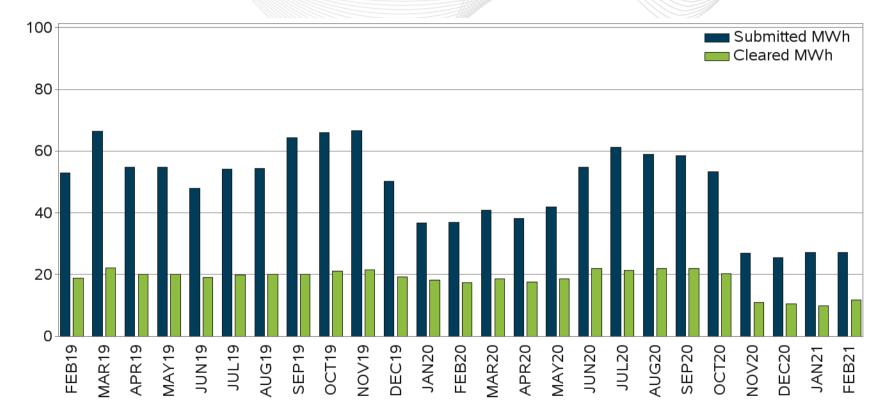
Number of Transactions (Millions)

INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Number





INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Volume



MWh (Millions)



Energy Market

Congestion and FTR Summary

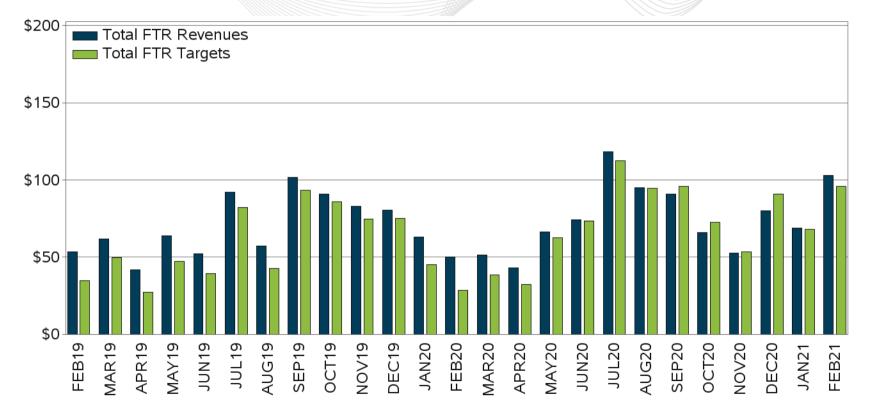




Period	Surplus / Underfunding	Payout Ratio
February, 2021	\$6,845,773	100%
2021	\$7,908,826	100%
2020/2021	\$-4,263,332	99%



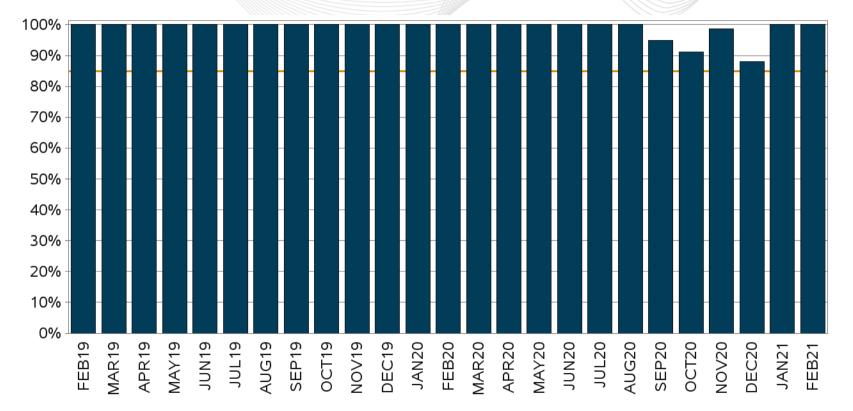
FTR Revenue vs. FTR Target Allocation





Monthly FTR Payout Ratio

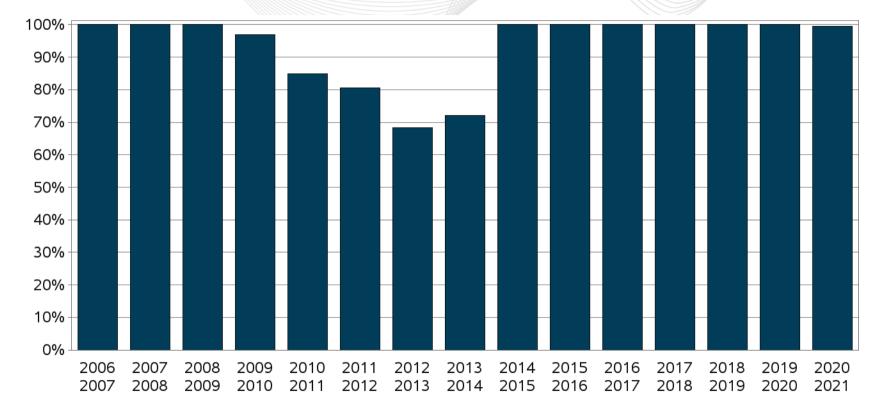
Monthly FTR Payout



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Planning Period FTR Payout



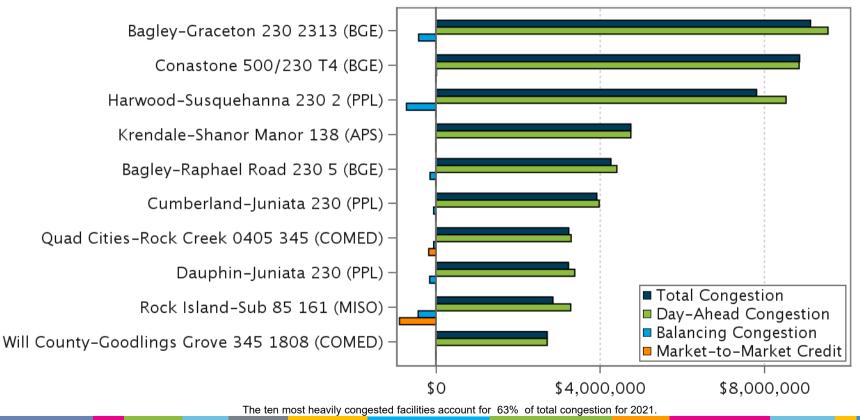
Planning Period FTR Payout Ratio

Ten Most Heavily Congested Transmission Facilities - Overall, February Conastone 500/230 T4 (BGE) -Harwood-Susquehanna 230 2 (PPL) -Krendale-Shanor Manor 138 (APS) -Quad Cities-Rock Creek 0405 345 (COMED) -Will County-Goodlings Grove 345 1808 (COME -Garden Plain-15518 2 138 (COMED) Preston-Tanyard 69 (DPL S) -Essex-McCarter 230 (PSEG) Total Congestion Greentown-Kokomo E 230 (MISO) – Day-Ahead Congestion Balancing Congestion Conastone 500/230 2 (BGE) -Market-to-Market Credit \$0 \$2.000.000 \$4.000.000 \$6.000.000 \$8.000.000

The ten most heavily congested facilities account for 81% of total congestion for February.

Ten Most Heavily Congested Transmission Facilities - Overall, 2021







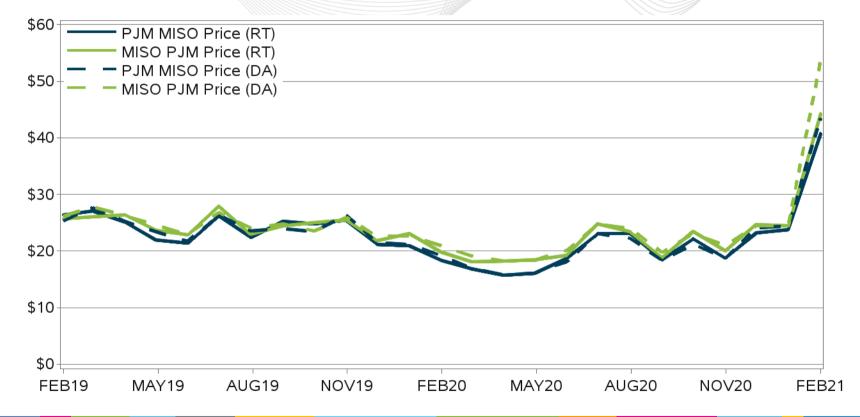
Energy Market

Interchange/Seams Summary





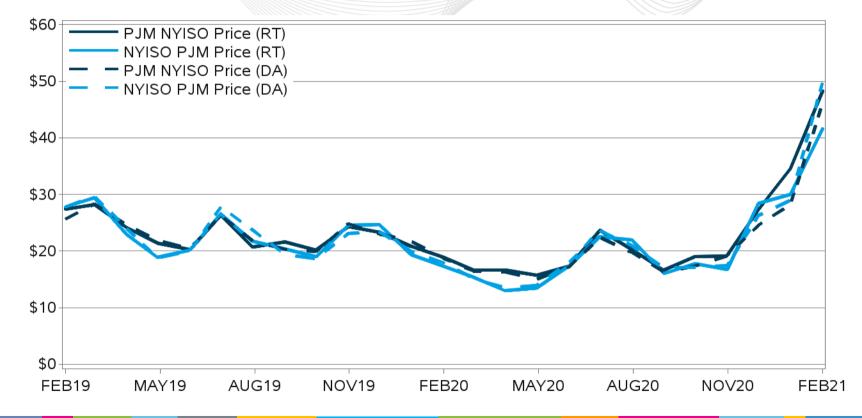
Monthly Average MISO Interface Pricing



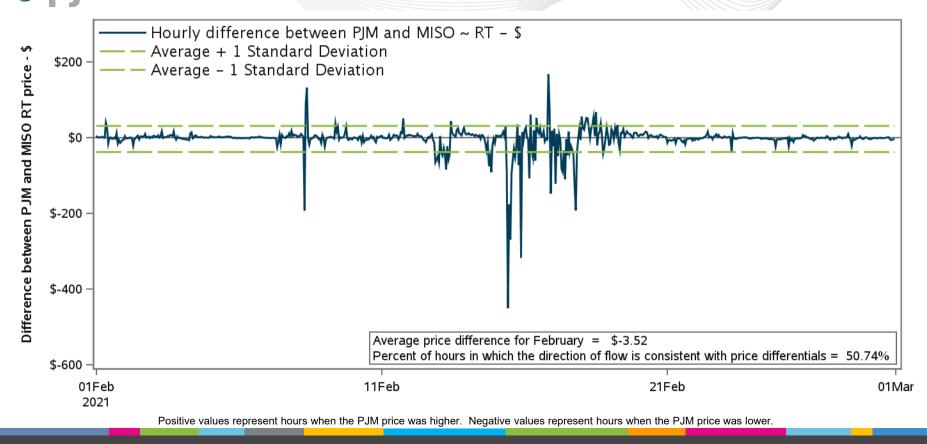
\$/MWh



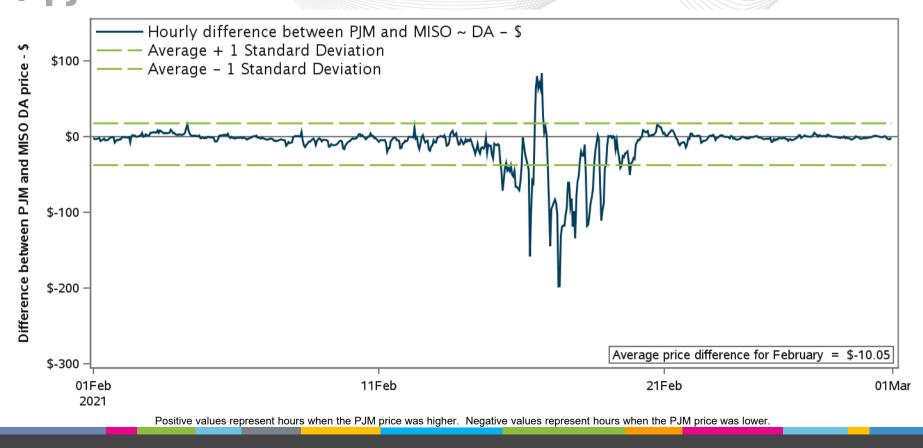
Monthly Average NYISO Interface Pricing





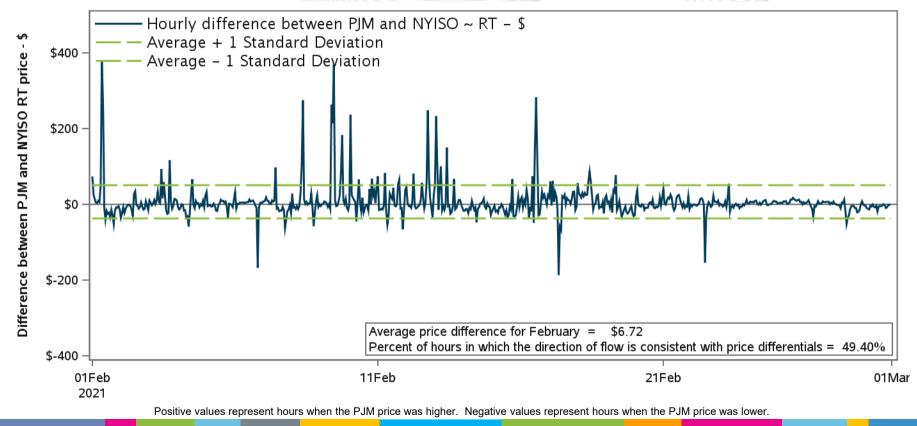








Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Real-Time Prices

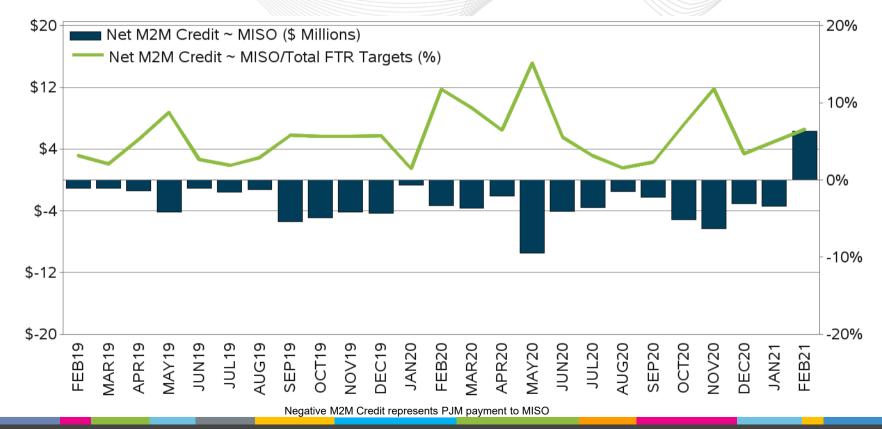


Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Day-Ahead Prices \$100 Hourly difference between PJM and NYISO ~ DA - \$ Difference between PJM and NYISO DA price - \$ Average + 1 Standard Deviation Average - 1 Standard Deviation \$50 · \$0 \$-50 Average price difference for February = \$-3.80 \$-100 01Feb 11Feb 21Feb 01Mar 2021

Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.

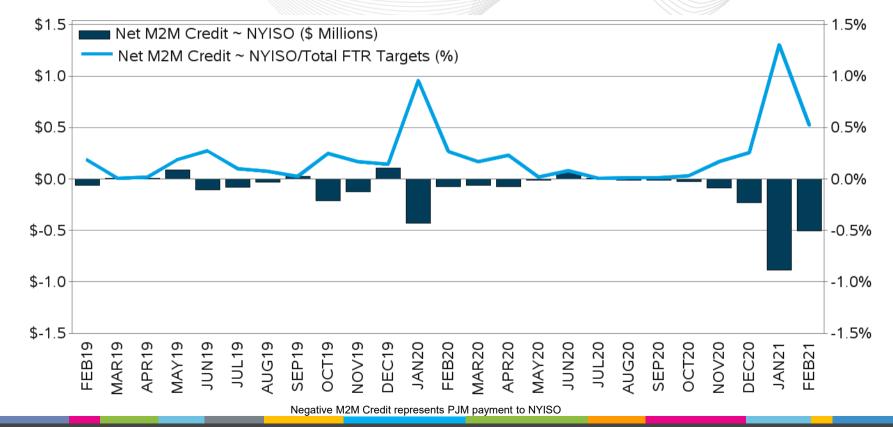


PJM-MISO Market-to-Market Coordination Settlement





PJM-NYISO Market-to-Market Coordination Settlement

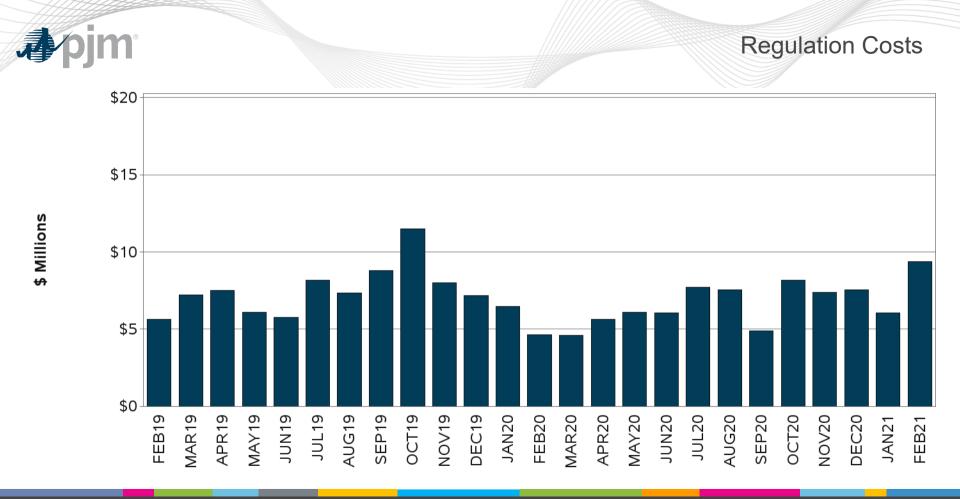


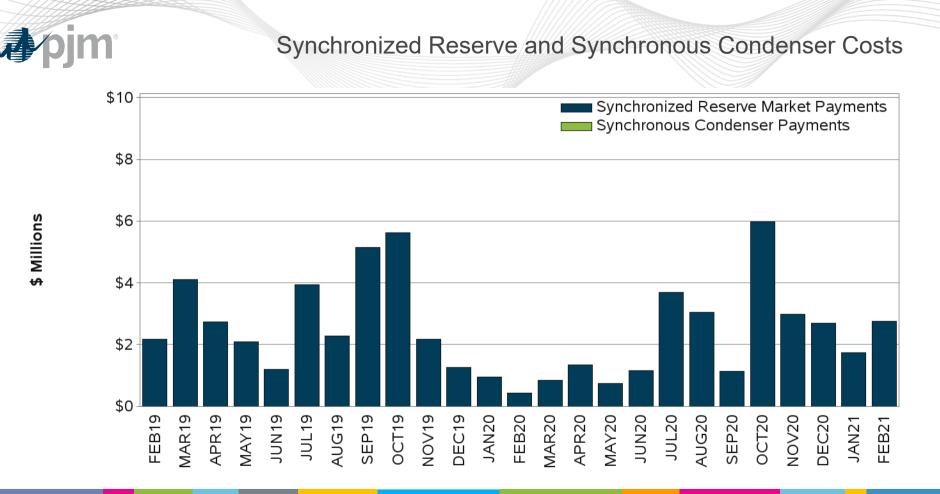


Ancillary Service Market

Summary

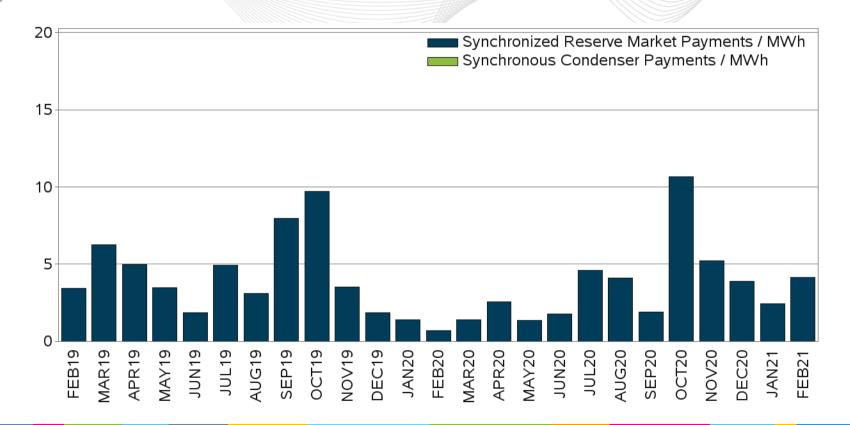




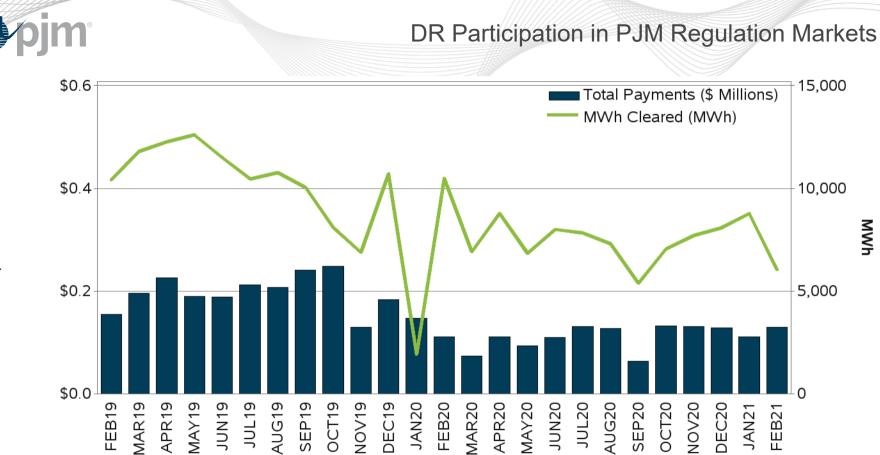


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pmLoad-Adjusted Synchronized Reserve and Synchronous Condenser Costs



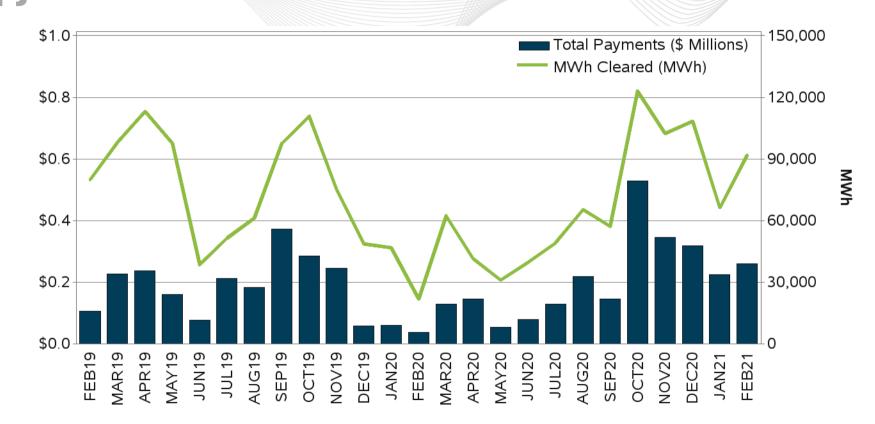
Cents/MWh



\$ Millions

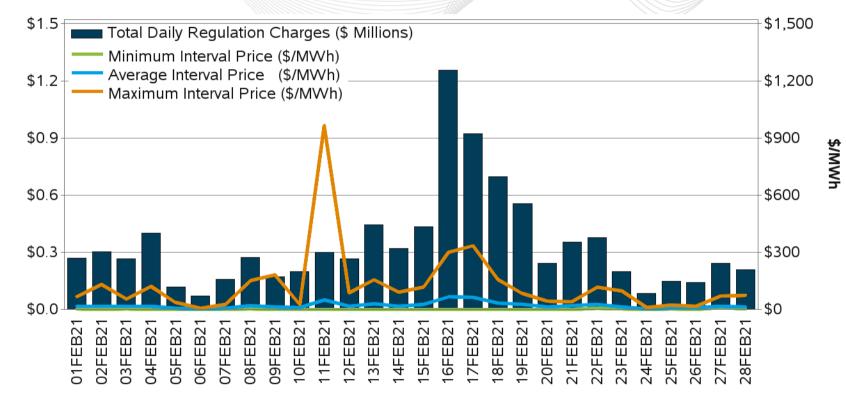
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DR Participation in PJM Synchronized Reserve Markets



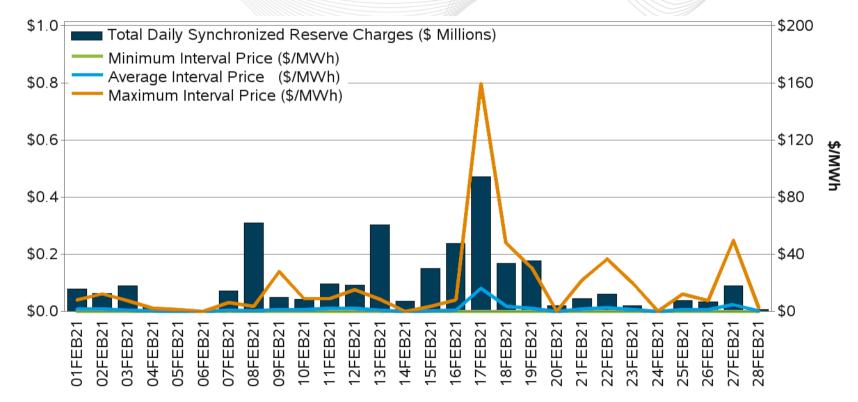


Regulation Market Daily Prices and Charges





Synchronized Reserve Market Daily Prices and Charges



\$ Millions





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