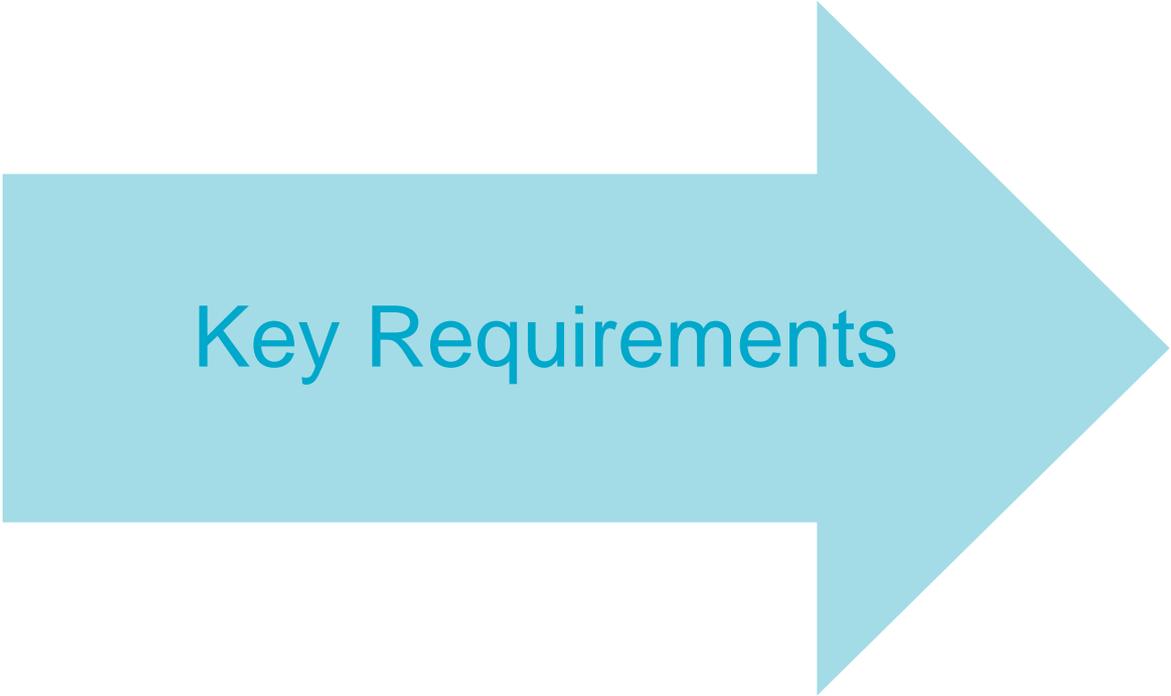


# M&V for Residential A/C Synchronized Reserve

Presentation to PJM DR Subcommittee  
23 April 2014

# Outline

- Key Requirements
- Some Relevant Statistical Concepts
- Demand Response in the Capacity and Energy Markets Reporting
- Suggestions for the Sync Reserve Market



# Key Requirements

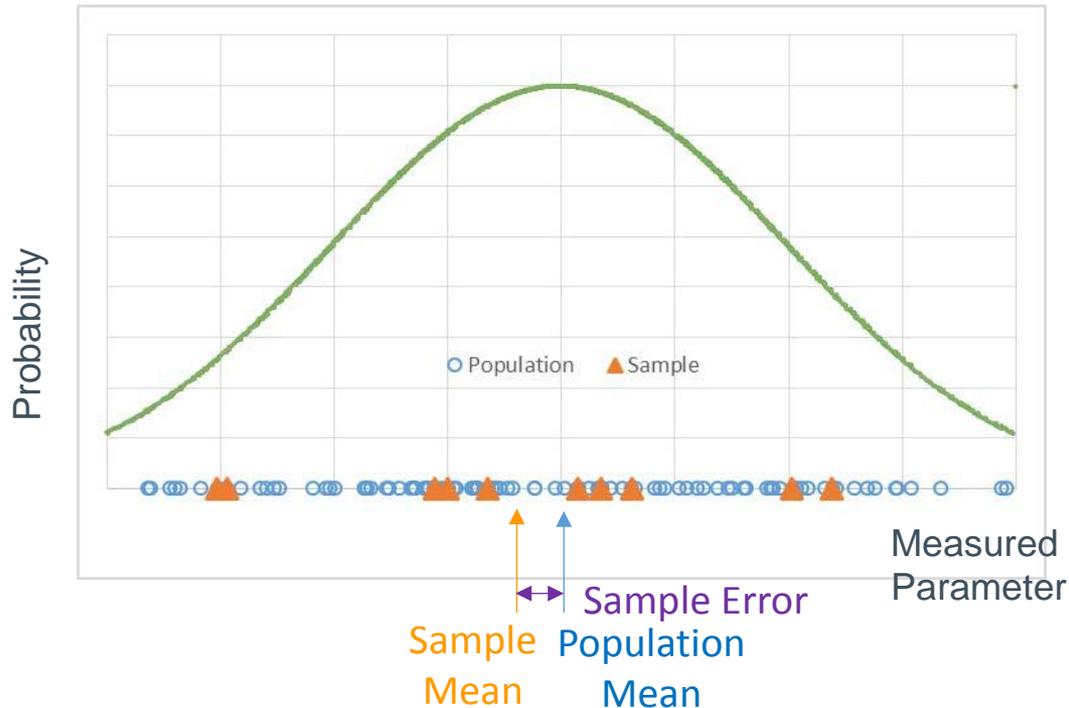
# Key Requirements for a Synchronized Reserve Demand Response Capability

- Response time
  - 10 minutes
- Sustained Reduction
  - Maintained the MW reduction through the first 30 minutes



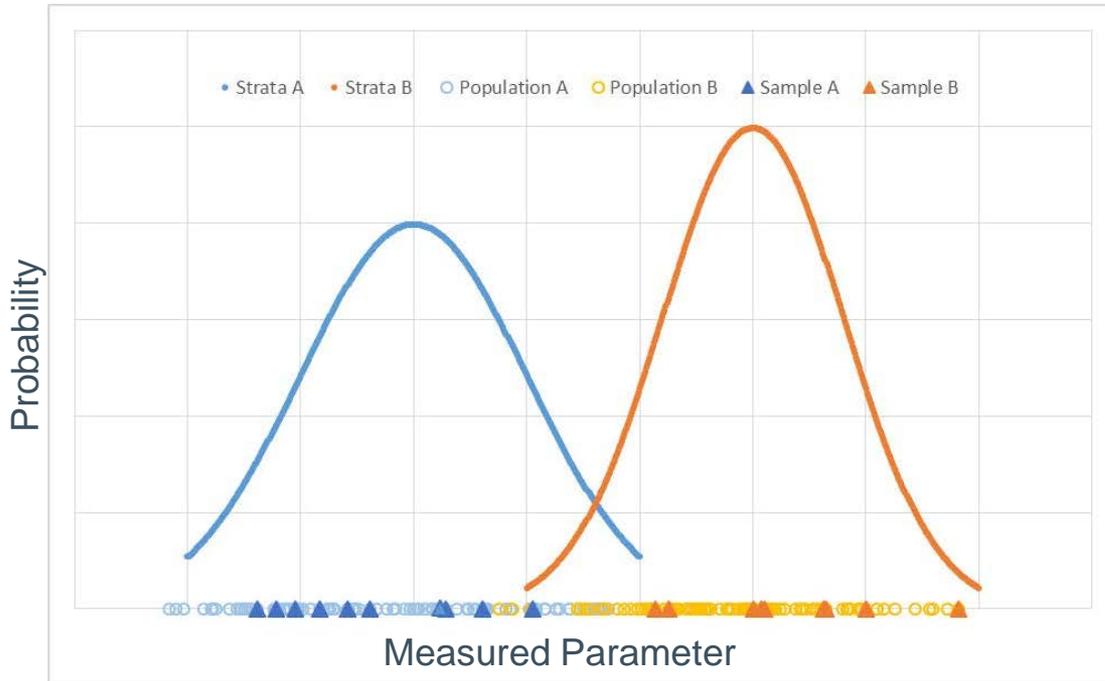
# Statistical Concepts

# Sampling Concepts



- Sample size is determined by the desired sample error
- Sample size is independent of the population size for large populations
- Sample size is limited by cost

# Motivation for Sample Stratification

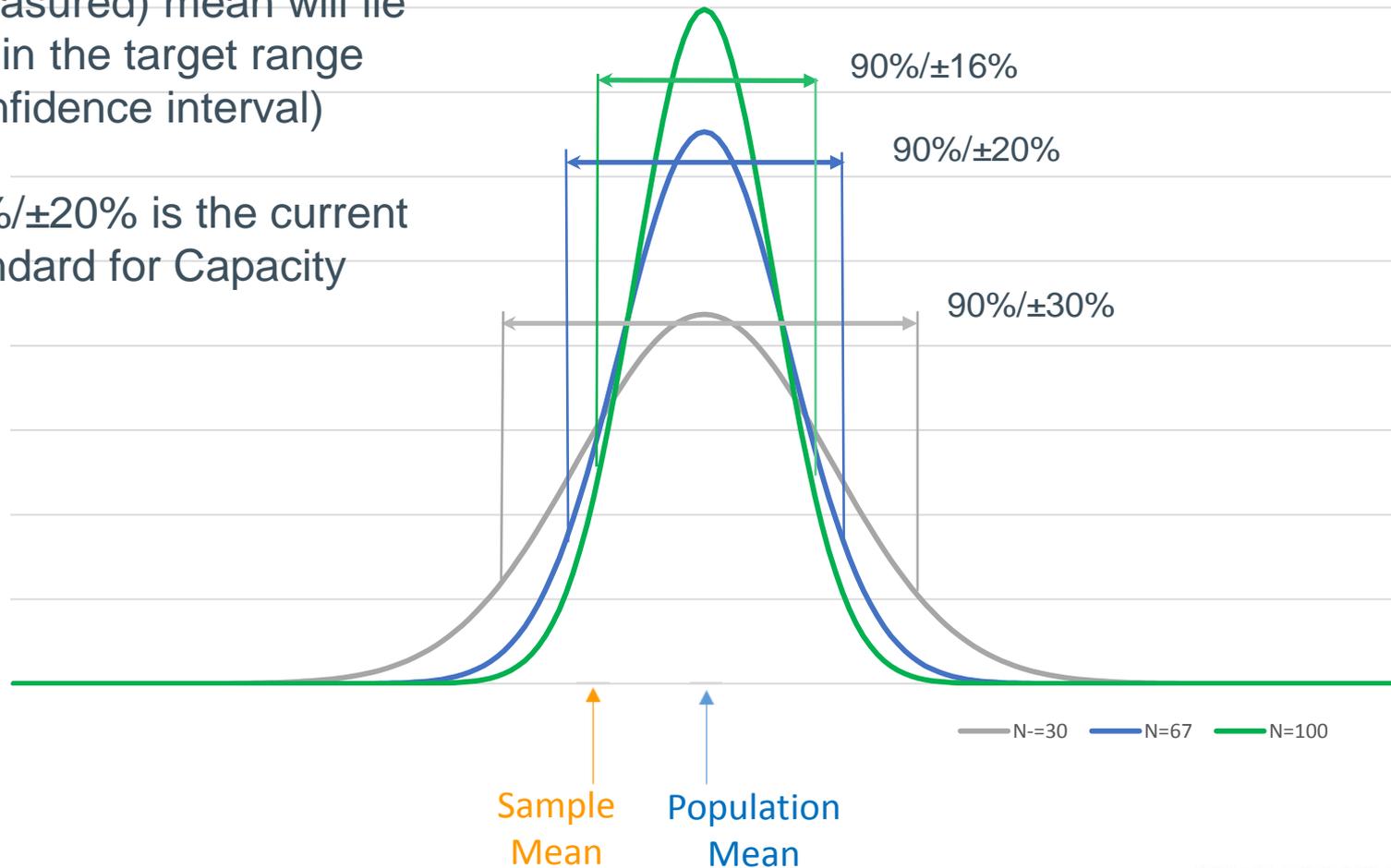


- Known or suspected differences in sub populations
- Provides added assurance that sample is representative
- Potential to reduce required sample size
- Typical stratification for A/C Demand Response
  - Regional
  - Participant type
  - Unit size
  - Device type

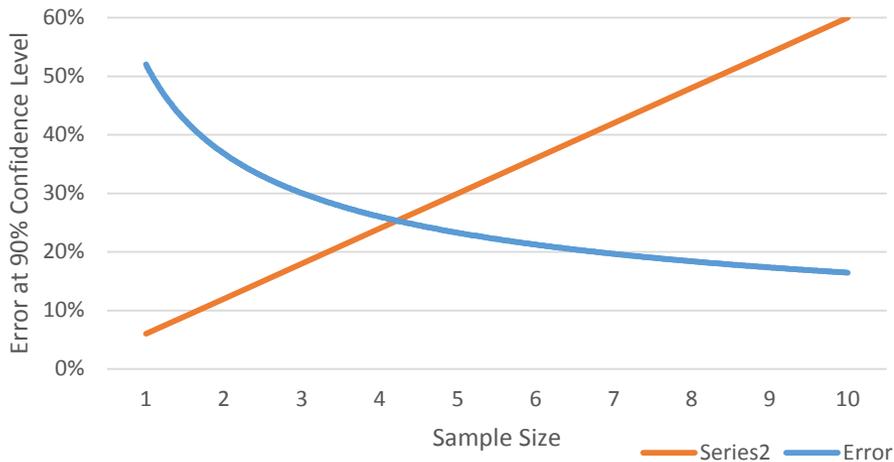
# Confidence Level / Confidence Interval

Probability (confidence level) that the Population (true) mean and the sample (measured) mean will lie within the target range (confidence interval)

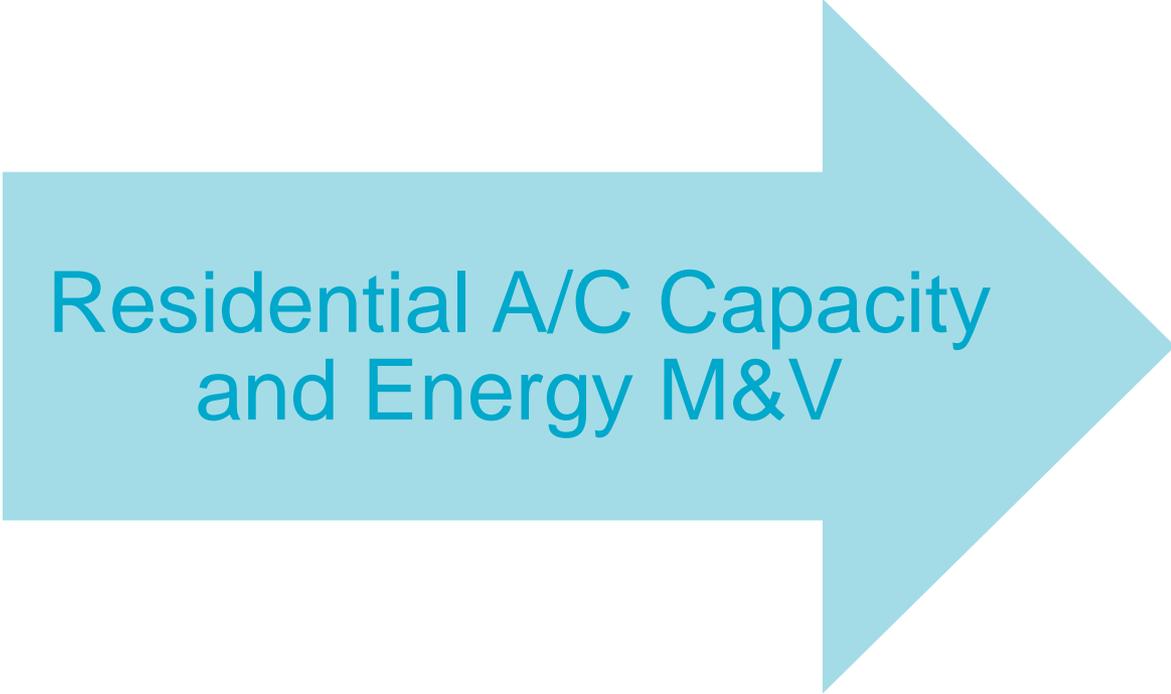
90%/±20% is the current standard for Capacity



# Sample Size

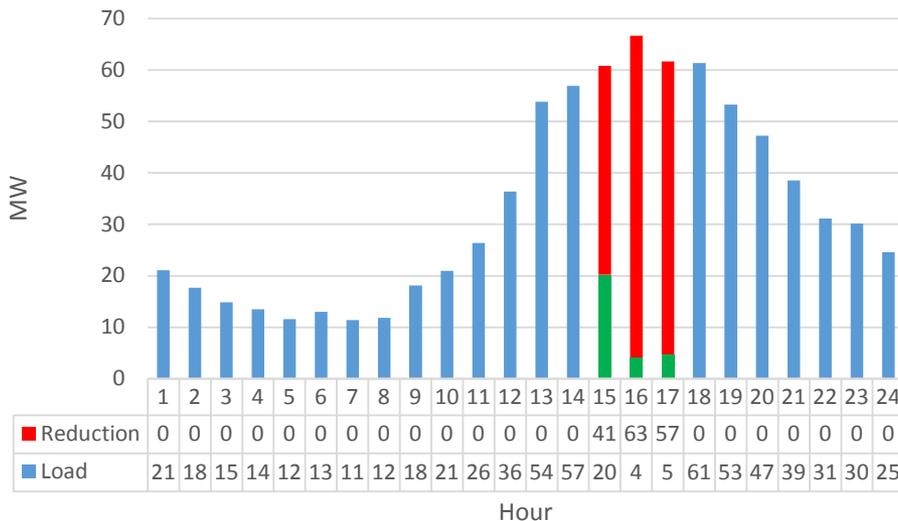


- Minimum Sample Size depends on
  - Desired Confidence Level
  - Desired Confidence Interval
  - Population Variance
  - Population Mean
- Population Mean & Variance is always unknown
  - Use measured sample mean and variance from prior years to determine sample size for subsequent years
- Cost driven by telemetry hardware & recurring communications



# Residential A/C Capacity and Energy M&V

# Residential A/C Capacity & Energy Reporting



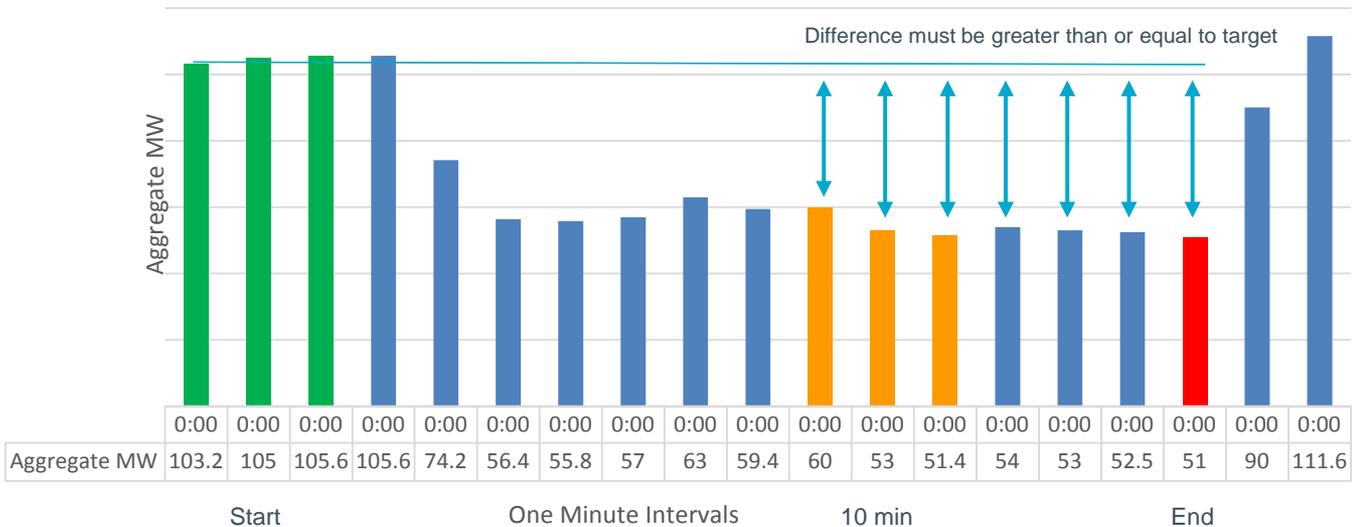
- Two Samples typically used for Capacity & Energy
  - Comparison (blue)
  - Curtailed Load (green)
- Difference (red) is the estimated reduction
- Report hourly reduction values

# M & V Sampling for Demand Response



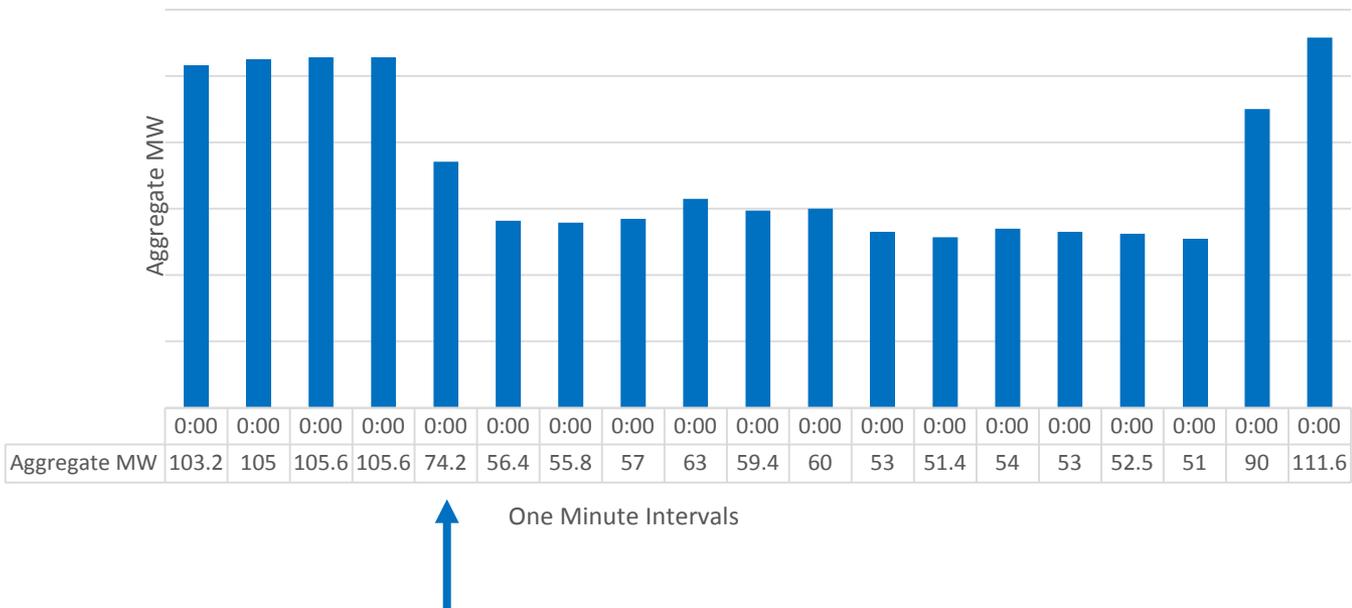
Suggested Method

# Example of Proposed Synchronized Reserve Reporting



- Aggregate power in one minute intervals reported
- Must reach reduction by 10 minute point
- Consider +/- 1 minute around notification time and 10 minute point
- Maintain reduction until end of event or 30 minutes

# Individual One Minute Calculation



- Sum one minute energy measurements (kwh) for each meter in sample
- Divide by sample size
- Multiply by 0.060 (convert to power in MWs)
- Multiply by active participants for the program day (MWs for that minute)
- If AMI is used it would need one minute intervals to verify the 10 minute compliance

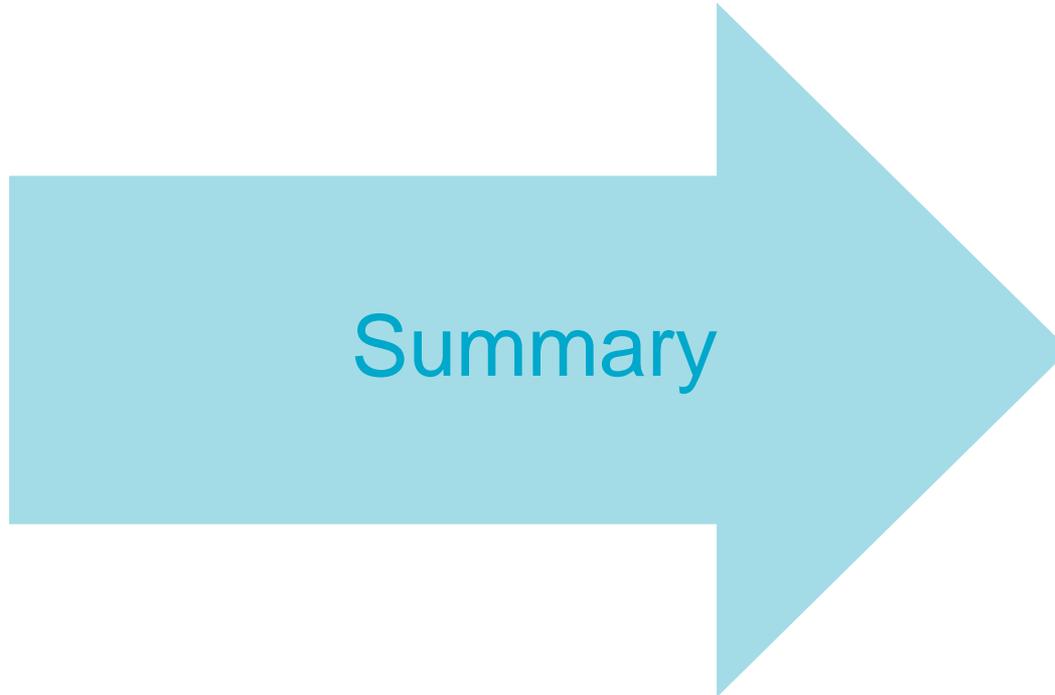
## Key Issues driving accuracy

- Survey the non meter sampled population to verify switch performance
- Accurately track customer installs and opt-outs
- Verify meter time synchronization and
- Pulse count accuracy by survey

# Timely Reporting

- Use mobile phone based telemetry to collect meter data in near real time
- Processing systems to aggregate data automatically
- Daily monitoring of meter data to minimize missing data
- Techs available to investigate any field issues

# M & V Sampling for Demand Response



# Summary

- Residential A/C capacity programs have used statistical sampling for many years with good results
- For Residential A/C Synchronized Reserve M&V, one minute interval metering provides the ability to verify compliance with the 10 minute load drop requirement
- Load estimate requirements follow from implementations from Capacity programs

# Thank You

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